The Bombay Gazette.

No. 9,938—New Series. BOMBAY:—MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 27, 1880.

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THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

The Rates of Subscription to the *Bombay Gazette* are as follows :—

To Subscribers in Bombay—*Delivered free.*

In Advance.		*In Arrear.*	
Per Annum	Rs. 48	Per Annum	Rs. 60
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First insertion .....8 As. per Line.
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In the Native Languages, double the above.

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First insertion	Rs. 5 0
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A line, but no Advertisement counted as less than eight lines.

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Advertisements of two or three lines relating to such matter as Small Sales, Business Cards, Situations, Wanted or Servant Required, Houses or Lodgings to let, Changes of Residence, Articles Lost or Found. The scale for Advertisements belonging to any of these classes as follows :—

Not exceeding three lines ..... Re. 1-0.
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Advertisements exceeding five lines will be charged for at our present ordinary rates.

No Advertisement will be inserted for less than *One Rupee*, and payment must in all cases be made in *Cash*.

DOMESTIC OCCURENCES: EACH—TWO RUPEES.

BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY.

Subscription for one Year, *Post Free in India*, Rs. 12. Postage to England, Rs. 6-8.

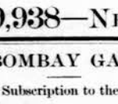
Price per Copy ..... As. 4

All Cheques, Money Orders, and other Remittances should be made payable to the "Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette*."

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, (Limited)

Will despatch Steamers as follows :—



FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. CULNA, 2,027 Tons, on THURSDAY, 30th September, 1880, at 3 p.m., calling at Rutnagherry, Vingoria, Goa, Carwar, Mangalore, Cannanore, Tellicherry, Beypore, Calicut, Cochin, Alleppey, Tuticorin, Colombo, Galle, Negapatam, Madras, Masulipatam, Cocanada, Vizagapatam, Bimlipatam, Gopalpore, False Point, in the forenoon or may proceed direct, weather permitting.

Conveyance to the Nilgherry Hills.—The steamers are timed to reach Beypore at daybreak, and arrangements have been made for a train to leave Beypore specially in connection with the steamers' arrival to convey Passengers right through to Mettapolium, where they will arrive at 7-45 p.m., and, after staging for the night, can proceed up the Ghat early the following morning.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

THE S.S. EUPHRATES, 803 Tons, on TUESDAY, 28th September, at 4 p.m., calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Jasques, Lingah, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order.

FOR CUTCH MANDAVIE AND KURRACHEE.

S. S. PACHUMBA, 863 Tons, on SATURDAY, 2nd October, 1880, at 10 a. m.

FOR ADEN, ZANZIBAR, MOZAMBIQUE, INHAMBANE, QUILLIMANE, AND DELAGOA BAY.

THE S. S. SOCOTRA, 1,947 Tons, on THURSDAY, 21st October, 1880.

N.B.—EXPORTS.—To save shippers the trouble of clearing and shipping, shipments not exceeding five tons will be received, and Bills of Lading granted in exchange at the Offices of the undersigned.

Railway receipts for packages from up-country should be forwarded to the undersigned, who will undertake clearance and shipment.

IMPORTS.—The undersigned undertake the landing, clearing and delivery in Bombay or forwarding by rail or steamer packages by the Company's Steamers. Bills of Lading and particulars of contents and value should accompany forwarding instructions.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,

Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, 24th September, 1880. Agents.

STEAM COMMUNICATION with ITALY VIA SUEZ CANAL.

ITALIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY of Messrs. R. RUBATTINO & Co. of GENOA.

The Regular Steamers Leave

GENOA and BOMBAY on the 2nd, 12th and 22nd *of each Month*, on the 1st

PASSENGERS' RATES FROM BOMBAY.

Inclusive of all Transit Fees through the Suez Canal.

	2nd Class.		3rd Class.	
Aden	Rs. 220	Rs. 150	Rs. 40	
Suez	,, 380	,, 220	,, 80	
Port Said	,, 380	,, 220	,, 90	
Messina	,, 500	,, 340	,, 140	
Naples	,, 500	,, 340	,, 140	
Leghorn	,, 500	,, 340	,, 140	
Genoa	,, 500	,, 340	,, 140	
Marseilles	,, 520	,, 350	,, 145	

Including Wines. Without food.

Children under 3 years, free of charge; Children not above 10 years, half fare.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON FREE of CHARGE to the extent allowed in the Handbooks. All extra Luggage will be charged for at rates which can be learnt from the Agent.

Next steamers from Bombay :—

SINGAPORE, to sail on FRIDAY, 1st October 1880.
MANILLA, to sail on MONDAY, 1st November 1880.

All Steamers of this Company have large First and Second Class accommodation; and always carry a Doctor and a Stewardess on board.

The Steamers of this Company start precisely at 12 a.m. Any unavoidable detention will, however, be advertised at least one day previously.

First and Second Class Through Railway Tickets, from GENOA and NAPLES to LONDON, are issued here at rates which can be learnt from the undersigned.

Cargo for Barcelona and Odessa can be booked at through rates.

For Hand-books of information, rates of Freight, &c., apply to

F. BOZZONI,
Agent, Rubattino S. N. Company,
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle.

Bombay, 6th September 1880.

HALL LINE OF STEAMERS.

Fortnightly between

BOMBAY AND LIVERPOOL

(via Malta).

THE following sailings have been arranged :—

Commanders, Tons, H.P. Noml. Sg. about

s.s. WISTOW HALL	T. Collin	2700	400	10th Oct.
s.s. SPEKE HALL	C. Brand	2700	400	To follow.
s.s. BRANKSOME HALL	R. Collin	2109	300	ditto.
s.s. CITY OF BALTIMORE	J. Verril	2300	300	ditto.
s.s. TRENTHAM HALL	Jas. Shaw	2109	270	ditto.
s.s. RYDALL HALL	O. Lloyd	2700	400	ditto.

These fast Steamers have been specially built and adapted in every way for the Bombay Trade.

Each Steamer carries a SURGEON and STEWARDESS.

For plans, hand-books of information, and any further particulars apply to

EDWARD BATES & Co. } Agents.
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co. }

Bombay, 23rd Sept., 1880.

ANCHOR LINE

OF

TRANSATLANTIC, PENINSULAR, MEDITERRANEAN, AND INDIAN STEAMSHIPS.

INDIAN SERVICE between BOMBAY, LIVERPOOL, and MEDITERRANEAN.

	Commanders.	Tons.	H.P.	Noml.	
s.s. BRITANNIA	R. Hutchison	3369	400	about	20th Oct.
s.s. HISPANIA	James Laird	3369	400	to follow.	
s.s. MACEDONIA	Thos. Martin	2272	186	do.	
s.s. TRINACRIA	L. White	2107	124	do.	
s.s. INDIA	Geo. H. Read	2289	500	do.	

These Steamers have been specially fitted for the Indian Trade, and have accommodation for a large number of Saloon Passengers.

Each Steamer carries a SURGEON and STEWARDESS.

Fare through to	New York	Rs. 600
	Liverpool	,, 600
	Marseilles and Genoa	,, 450
	Naples	,, 400

For plans, hand-books of information, and for any further information apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.

Graham's Buildings, Bombay.

N.B.—The New York passages are booked in connection with the Company's Atlantic Mail Service, either from Greenock or from London.

There are weekly sailings from either place.

P. GRANT & SON,

SADDLERS

AND

HARNESS MAKERS,

31, MEADOWS STREET,

BOMBAY.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

STEAM to SOUTHAMPTON, BRINDISI, VENICE, MARSEILLES, ADEN, SUEZ, MALTA, AND GIBRALTAR.

THE following or other Steamers will be despatched as above :—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	1880.
s.s. POONA	3131	550	H. Weigheil	2nd Oct.
THIBET	2193	400	W. Jardon	9th ,,
s.s. VENETIA	2726	450	J. Orman	16th ,,
SUMATRA	2488	450	R. F. Briscoe	23rd ,,
s.s. PESHAWUR	2300	600	D. Rennoldson	13th ,,
BANGALORE	2312	450	H. Wyatt	6th Nov.
s.s. NIZAM	2725	450	G. W. Brady	13th ,,
SURAT	3142	550	W. E. Breeze	20th ,,
s.s. INDUS	3162	600	S. D. Shallard	27th ,,

Passengers are booked to ADEN, SUEZ, BRINDISI, VENICE, MARSEILLES, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, and SOUTHAMPTON by every Mail. The Steamers marked (s) proceed direct to Southampton. By the others Passengers change vessels at Suez, and those for Brindisi, Venice, and Marseilles are conveyed by Rail from Suez to Alexandria.

STEAM TO CEYLON, PENANG, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, KING GEORGE'S SOUND, ADELAIDE, MELBOURNE, AND SYDNEY, CALLING AT GALLE.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains	1880.
ZAMBESI	2431	370	A. Symons	24th Sept.
TEHERAN	2389	400	E. Stewart	8th Oct.
ANCONA	3091	600	E. G. Stead	22nd ,,

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock Head, Mazagon, at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing.

F. D. PARKER,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.

Bombay, 17th Sept. 1880.

P. & O. S. N. COMPANY.

MELBOURNE EXHIBITION.

SPECIAL FIRST CLASS RETURN TICKETS, available for SIX MONTHS, will be issued to Passengers visiting the Exhibition by the steamer of the 4th June and subsequent fortnightly steamers, at the REDUCED FARE of RUPEES SIX HUNDRED.

F. D. PARKER,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.

Bombay, 17th May 1880.

CLAN LINE OF STEAMERS.

THE CLAN LAMONT, S. S., 2,100 tons, will sail hence for LONDON via KURRACHEE on or about 4th proximo. She carries a Stewardess.

PASSAGE MONEY ..... Rs. 475

For further particulars apply to

FINLAY, MUIR, & Co., Agents.

Bombay, 23rd September, 1880.

COL. HAWES' MONSIMBUL ESTATE TEA AGENCY,

M. H. MAJU & CO.,

SOLE AGENTS for INDIA, and all PARTS of the WORLD.

INDIAN TEA SUPPLIERS TO THE ARMY AND NAVY.

RECEIVED Second Consignment of NEW SEASON CHOICE TEAS of excellent flavour from this, the most celebrated Garden in India.

THE REDUCTION OF PRICES.

In air-tight tin boxes of 1, 2, and 4 lbs.

Extra Fine Orange Pekoe, Re. 1-12 per lb.; Orange Pekoe, Re. 1-8; Extra Fine Pekoe, Re. 1-8; Combination, Re. 1-8; Pekoe Souchong, Extra Fine, Re. 1-6; Souchong, Extra Fine, Re. 1-4.

Above 15 lbs. 2 annas less per lb. Wholesale in tin-lined half chests of 50 lbs. three annas less per lb.

Imperial Family Mixture, Re. 1 per lb. / Congou, As. 11 per lb.; Bohea, As. 12 per lb. 15 lbs. and upwards 5 per cent. discount.

CAUTION.—To detect fraud by Servants, Masters are requested to destroy Labels over the boxes. None are genuine without our Stamps on two sides.

M. H. MAJU & Co.
(M. H. MAJU, late partner, Morton & Co.)

Elphinstone Circle, No. 4. Messrs. Bolton & Co.'s old premises.

QUEEN INSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL, £2,000,000.

REDUCED RATES.

FIRE—LIFE—ANNUITIES.

ANNUAL INCOME	£352,906
FUNDS IN HAND	£926,014
CLAIMS PAID	£2,710,587

Policies issued and claims paid by

KILLICK, NIXON & Co.,
Agents for Western India.

Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

SALES BY AUCTION.

SORABJEE COWASJEE.

AUCTION SALE OF CELEBRATED HINKS' PATENT DUPLEX K. O. LAMPS, LAMPS, LAMPS,

AND

DEFRIS AND SONS HANGING CHANDELIERS, &c., &c.

On WEDNESDAY, the 29th instant, sale to commence at 1 p.m., Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction at their rooms on account and at the risk of whom it may concern :

A consignment of celebrated Hinks' patent storm proof K. O. crystal cut and Bohemian glass vase lamps in great varieties which were ever imported in Bombay.

Also a collection of celebrated Defris and Sons very handsome, 4 to 12 lights gas, and candle chandeliers in various designs.

1 case K. O. hand and table night lamps.

A splendid collection of best porcelain gilted and decorated Gardinesse, or sets of flower pots of different designs, and also a choice collection of English test and new design toilet sets in various decoration.

1 case samples of table lamps, &c.

The property is now on view.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.

Bombay, 27th Sept. 1880.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,

2, MARINE STREET, BOMBAY.

USUAL AUCTION SALE.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 27th instant, at 2 p.m. Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by public auction at their rooms.

10 bales grey shirtings.
10 cases prints.
5 ,, dhoties.
2 ,, union cloth.
10 casks and cases white and colored beads.
100 Dozs walking sticks.
100 Rolls working canvas.
3 doz. green Morocco leathers.
20 boxes Table and carriage cavelles.
1 large size self acting organ.
1 eight day Chronometer clock.

SALE OF OLEOGRAPHS.

THIS DAY, MONDAY next, the 27th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms—

An invoice of oleographs in gilt frames which are now on view.

THIS DAY, MONDAY next, the 27th instant, sale commencing at 3 P.M., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms by order of the executors of the late R. D. Cairns, Esq., the effects belonging to the estate of the deceased gentleman, comprising a few pieces of household furniture, table ornaments and flower vases, musical box, figures, 7 iron lathe with tools, carpenters tools and bench, 3 cameras of sizes with lenses, photographic tent, Cambay carpets, 1 carbine in leather case, 1 collapsible canoe with oars, 1 English built dog-cart, by Kesterton, a set of English-made brass mounted single harness, &c.

By order of Memon Haiee Haroon Mahomed and on account and at the risk of Messrs. G. S. Judge and Harry Judge,

2 silver masonic card stands with glass trays.
2 Cashmere shawls.

These are on view.

TO-MORROW TUESDAY the 28th instant, sale commencing at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at No. 201, Malabar Hill, near the Reservoir, the valuable and handsome carved and French polished blackwood and teakwood household furniture, best plated ware, rich crockery and glassware, a first class mahogany sympathetic grand square pianoforte by Soundy and Co., a sweet toned 7 stops harmonium by Rose and Co., table ornaments and figures, a handsome open carriage by Edwin Kesterton of London, a pair of well-matched fast trotting bay horses, &c., the property of Deputy Surgeon General W. J. Moore, the same comprises richly engraved vine leaf pattern glassware, handsome dinner dessert, and breakfast services, best plated cruet liquor and egg-frames, tea and coffee service, curry dishes, table spoons and forks, table and piano candlesticks, table cutlery and handsomely carved, and French-polished furniture, comprising drawing room, dining, pier, sofa, side and wash-hand, dressing and lady's writing and work tables, conversation and reclining couches, drawing room, easy low, predieu and mallet pattern arm and without arm chairs, side-boards, dumbwaiters, fancy-carved ottoman toilet and tripod stands, chiffoniers, teapoys, English made solid mahogany oval table and easy chairs, blackwood, brass and iron four posts bedsteads, clothes and gown presses, chests of drawers, glass door cupboard, hat-stand, dressing and cheval glasses, wardrobes, brussels and Persian carpets, hock and flower stand, a first class mahogany sympathetic grand-square pianoforte by Soundy and Co., a sweet toned 7 stops harmonium by Rose and Co., 1 and 3 light argand burners by Tucker, kerosine oil table lamps, table ornaments, figures, flower vases and pots, China and Japanese flower jars, pictures, bath, dispense and cookroom furniture and utensils, &c.

AT 2 P. M.

One handsome English built open carriage by Edwin Kesterton of Long Acre.

One pair well-matched fast trotting bay horses.

Catalogues are ready and the property is on view.

Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction on a day, to be hereafter find at the Apollo Pier Hotel, Apollo House, Fort, the valuable and handsome carved and French-polished blackwood and teakwood hotel furniture, best plate ware, rich crockery and glassware, a first-class full-sized billiard table by Bonnett, complete with billiard and pool balls, cues, marking board and 6-light lamp by Burroughs and Watts, a mahogany square pianoforte by John Broadwood and Sons, a mahogany cottage pianoforte by John Brinsmead, a sewing machine by Wilcox and Gibbs, an English built open carriage nearly new, and one shigram in good repair, a splendid collection of ferns and rare plants in tubs, boxes, and pots, wire harbors and stands, a quantity of photographic kit consisting of lenses by Dalmeyre, Ross, Voightlanda and others, cameras, stands, head rest, travelling baths, negatives, boxes, glasses, &c., also a thoroughbred bull terrier slut (if not previously disposed of), &c., the property of W. H. Sargent, Esq.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view 4 days before the sale.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 27th September, 1880.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ADMISSION FREE
TO BILLIARD SALOON.

HERR BITTERSMANN'S
GRAND CONCERTS
EVERY EVENING
AT
TEMPLE BAR.

BALCONY Re. 1, not including Refreshments.

GAIETY THEATRE, BOMBAY.

Lessees ..... Messrs. NORVILLE and CROFTON.
Season 1880-81.

UNDER THE DISTINGUISHED PATRONAGE OF H. E. THE GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY.

The Season will commence on SATURDAY, November 13th, and will last for 20 weeks.

TRANSFERABLE SEASON TICKETS

Available two nights per week, WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, 40 Representations.

Stage Box to hold 8	Rs. 960
Private Box to hold 4	,, 480
Orchestra Stall	,, 100

BOOK TICKETS.

To suit the convenience of gentleman who are usually out of town on Saturdays in the season, books will be issued containing 10 Transferable Orchestra Stall Tickets available on any nights except Benefits. Price Rs. 100.

Note.—These Tickets will not be issued after the commencement of the season, when the usual price (Rs. 1) will be charged for an orchestra stall.

Applications for Boxes and Stalls should be made to Messrs. SOUNDY and Co.

Boxes and Stalls will be allotted according to priority of application and payment. Cheques should be drawn in favour of Hongkong and Shanghai Bank for credit of Theatre Subscription.

A copy of the Prospectus, showing the subscribers' guarantee, can be had on application to Messrs. Soundy & Co.

The following is the LIST OF SUBSCRIBERS up to date, including purchasers of Book tickets :—

BOX HOLDERS.

H. E. the Governor.	Capt Morland.
H. E. the Commander-in-Chief.	Mr. H. A. Hormarjee.
Hon. Mr. Ashburner.	Mr. J. Poutz.
Hon. Mr. Ravenscroft.	Mr. E. B. Carroll.
Hon. Mr. Melvill.	Mr. Beaufort.
Hon. Mr. Bayley.	Mr. J. M. Campbell.
Mr. W. Maitland.	Mr. Fachiri.
	Dr. Hojel.

STALL HOLDERS.

Hon. Sir Charles Sargent.	Mr. Marinitsch.
Hon. Mr. Marriott.	Mr. F. G. Rimington.
Mr. Inverarity.	Mr. L. Rivett-Carnac.
Mr. H. W. Richardson.	Mr. L. P. Russell.
Mr. M. Macdonald.	Mr. G. E. Noble (2.)
Mr. K. Morojee.	Col. Sexton.
Major Cowper.	Mr. Grattan Geary.
Mr. Philpson.	Mr. F. D. Parker.
Mr. C. W. L. Jackson. (2).	Mr. H. W. Uloth.
Dr. Lyon.	Dr. Cody.
Mr. J. Mackay.	Mr. M.
Mr. H. Curwen.	Mr. Greenwood (2).
Mr. Bell.	Dr. Blane (2.)
Mr. C. A. Winter (2).	Mr. A. Harvey (2.)
Mr. Mondolfo.	Mr. C. A. Turner (2.)
Mr. Westall.	Dr. Langley (2).
Mr. A. Morrison.	Mr. Sturrock.
Mr. Cornack.	Mr. Haworth.
Mr. Grattan.	Mr. Hanson.
Mr. Gay.	Mr. Kelly (2).
Mr. Arthur.	Mr. W. Gill (2.)
Mr. Weir.	Mr. W. T. Lord.
Mr. J. Wilson.	Mr. Forrest.
Mr. H. Stead (2).	Mr. Heinricks.
	Mr. E. Spinner.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

In the MATTER of Act X. of 1866, and in the MATTER of the MERCANTILE CREDIT and FINANCIAL ASSOCIATION, LIMIT. in LIQUIDATION.

Upon reading the AFFIDAVIT of FRAMJEE RUSTOMJEE VICAJEE the OFFICIAL LIQUIDATOR of the abovenamed Association, sworn on the 21th day of September one thousand eight hundred and eighty, and the exhibits thereto annexed, I do order that the creditors and contributors of the above named Association and other persons concerned therein do attend in my chambers on the 5th day of October, one thousand eight hundred and eighty, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, and show cause, if any they have, why proceedings should not be taken for the purpose of closing the liquidation of the abovenamed Association without adjusting the rights of the contributories to the said Association amongst themselves, and for the purpose of dissolving the same in accordance with the provisions of the Indian Companies Act X. of 1866. And I do order that previously to the said 5th day of October this summons be advertised twice respectively in the Bombay Government Gazette, the Bombay Gazette, the Times of India, the Bombay Samachar, the Jam-i-Jamshed, and the Indu Prakash newspapers.—Dated this 24th day of September, 1880.

JOHN MARRIOTT.

SMITH & FRERE,
Attornies for the Official Liquidator.

TREACHER and COMPANY, Ld

BY SPECIAL APPOINTMENT.

AGENTS IN THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY FOR

PULVERMACHER'S
MEDICO-GALVANIC APPLIANCES.

CASH PRICE LIST, JULY, 1879.

CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgic, and Gouty Pains, Chronic Rheumatism, Local Paralysis, and Cramp in the extremities.
Rs. 4, Rs. 8, Rs. 11, Rs. 13-8, and Rs. 16-8.

BROAD CHAIN BELTS, for Lumbago, Indigestion, Liver, Chest, and Nervous Complaints,
Rs. 22-8, Rs. 30, and Rs. 36.

BROAD CHAIN BELTS with suspenser, Rs. 45.

BROAD CHAIN BANDS, for Nervous Deafness, Head, Tooth, and Face Aches, and Noises in the Head, Rs. 16.

COMBINED BANDS, for General Debility, Central Paralysis, Epilepsy, and Functional Disorders.
Rs. 30 and Rs. 36.

RESTORATION CHAIN BATTERIES, for Extreme Nervous Debility, Paralysis, and for Restoring Exhausted Vital Energy, Rs. 63.

INTENSITY BATH BATTERIES, for treatment by Electric Baths for Paralysis, Want of Power, &c., and for eliminating poisons substances (lead and mercury) from the system, Rs. 72.

Glass Interruptors ..... Each Rs. 2 0
Voltameters or Test Tubes ..... ,, 2 4

Pamphlets on application. Usual discount to the trade.

TREACHER and COMPANY, Ld,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

PERFUMERY.

A fresh supply of the delightful

ESSENCES FOR THE HANDKERCHIEF,

MANUFACTURED BY
LUBIN OF PARIS.

COMPRISING

Forget-me-not.	Millefleur.
Frangipani.	Moss Rose.
Jasmin.	Opoponax.
Jockey Club.	Patchouli.
Kiss-me-Quick.	White Rose.
	Ylang-ylang.
	And other Perfumes.

UNEQUALLED FOR
STRENGTH, PERMANENCE, AND FRAGRANCE.

Small Bottles, each ..... Cash Rs. 2-4
Larger Bottles, each ..... ,, 3-8

TREACHER and COMPANY Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

NOTICE.

LIST of ESTATES of which LETTERS of Administration have been GRANTED to the Administrator General, and of estates which have come under his charge.

AWARAL, wife of SORABJEE DINSHAW SOPARIWALLA late of Bombay, Parsee Inhabitant.

BURKE, SARAH Mrs., late of Bombay and formerly of Kotree in Sind.

CASSIDY, MARY EMMA, late of Bombay, European Inhabitant.

DALY, JAMES BRIEN, late Supervisor Public Works Department.

DERVIES ELIAKIN LLOYD, late of the Sind, Punjaub and Delhi Railway Company.

DINBAI, widow of NUSSERWANJEE EDULJEE TAVAREEAH, late of Bombay, Parsee Inhabitant.

McNEILL, HARRY BENNETT, late a Captain in the Bombay Staff Corps.

ROLFE, G. W., late Temporary Supervisor in the Western Rajpootana State Railway.

N. B.—All PERSONS having claims upon, being indebted to, or holding property belonging to any of the abovenamed estates, are hereby required to state their claims, pay their debts, and hand over such property to the undersigned forthwith. No claims will be recognised that are sent in after the expiration of six months from the date of this notice.

L. RIVETT CARNAC,
Administrator General.

Bombay Administrator General's Office, 25th September, 1880.

WARBURG'S FEVER TINCTURE

THIS Tincture, so celebrated for the cure of the most inveterate Malarial Fevers, is now prepared in the Laboratory of the undersigned, according to the formula published by Dr. Carl Warburg, the most scrupulous care being observed in selecting the ingredients and in the process. One phial is sufficient for each case of Fever.

Per Phial Re. 1.; per dozen Rs. 9.; per pound (in bulk) quoted on application.

Sulphate of Quino-Cinchonine

$(4aj - o)$

The Crystalline representative of Indian Cinchoona Bark. Strongly recommended as a substitute for Quining. Much superior to the Government Febrifuge or any of the minor alkaloids of Cinchona.

Per ounce Rs. 3-12. Wholesale quotation on application.

Kemp's Purifying Saline

To regard any imported nostrum as superior to the above is an utter delusion. An enormous consumption in the Bombay Presidency and an experience exceeding twenty-five years guarantee its Medicinal excellence. Per bottle Rs. 1-4; per dozen Rs. 12.

Kemp's Caucasian Insect Powder

"Best thing of the kind I ever saw."
"A boon to all sportsmen."
"My experience of it most satisfactory."
"Safe, efficacious, and economical."
"Unparalleled in expelling mosquitoes."
"Admirable."
"Efficacious, and shall be glad to recommend it."

Tins, Re., 1, Re. 1-12, and Rs. 3-8.

D. S. KEMP & CO.,
Wholesale Chemists and Manufacturers
(WHOLESALE PRICE LIST ON RECEIPT OF CARD)
SASSOON HOUSE, BOMBAY.

THE CHOICEST INDIAN TEAS

ARE those grown on the Estates of the Kousanie Tea Company, Limited, situated in the District originally selected by the Government of India for inaugurating the growth of Tea in India. These Teas are noted for boldness of leaf and fulness of flavour, and for superiority of quality have been awarded

Ten Medals and Ten Prizes at Exhibitions in India, England, and Paris.

		Cash Prices.				Cash Prices.	
Kousanie Mixture	2 lb. pkt.	Rs.	3	4	Finest Pekoe	2 lb. pkt.	Rs. 3 4
Ditto	5 lb. catty	,,	8	0	Green Hyson	1 lb. pkt.	,, 1 14
Fine Souchong	2 lb. pkt.	,,	3	4	Treacher's Own Mixture	2 lb. pkt.	,, 2 8
Ditto	5 lb. catty	,,	8	0	Household Tea, a broken leaf, per lb.		0 12

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY :

TREACHER & COMPANY, LIMITED,

BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

MRS. LAKE,

MILLINER, DRESS-MAKER, SILK-MERCER, AND LADIES' OUTFITTER.

Constant Supplies of Millinery, &c., Received "Overland."
A LARGE STOCK OF GOODS ALWAYS ON HAND TO SELECT FROM.
Estimates for making up Dresses, &c., on application.

WEDDING AND MOURNING ORDERS CAREFULLY AND PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

Estimates supplied for "WEDDING TROUSSEAUX."
Do. do. for "MOURNING."
Price Lists on application.

Orders from Out-stations should be accompanied by a Remittance, or reference for payment in Bombay.

MRS. LAKE,
UXBRIDGE HOUSE,
No. 7, CHURCH GATE STREET, FORT,
BOMBAY.

WACHTER & CO. (EPERNAY), CHAMPAGNE SHIPPERS

TO HER MAJESTY **THE QUEEN,** HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS **THE PRINCE OF WALES,** AND

THE ROYAL FAMILY.

Amongst the many brands of Champagne, good, bad, and indifferent, it is often rather puzzling to know which to choose, but when a Wine rapidly rises into fame and is acknowledged by Connoisseurs to be of the highest quality, it may be inferred that but little risk can be run in ordering it. This is the case with the Wine of WACHTER & Co., of Epernay, which has of late been so patronised by Royalty, that it may fairly claim to be called Royal Wine.—Morning Post.

Price, credit	Rs. 54	per doz. qts.	Rs. 57	for 2 doz. pts.
,, cash	,, 52-8	,,	Rs. 55-8	,,

IMPORTED SOLELY BY

CUTLER, PALMER & CO., BOMBAY.

BADHAM, PILE AND CO.

SHIRT DEPARTMENT.

OXFORD AND ZEPHYR SHIRTS.

WE have now received our Stock of new patterns in our celebrated Oxford and Zephyr Cloths, and offer for inspection a really choice assortment in these goods.

Shirts, Collars attached, per ½ doz. Rs. 37.

CAMBRIC SHIRTS.

Our Stock of French Cambrics is now replete with new and pretty designs from Paris manufacturers, all fast colours and durable material.

Shirts, Collars attached, per ½ doz. Rs. 33.

FLANNEL SHIRTS.

A good assortment of best Wove Flannels and Silk and Wool Flannels are just to hand, all thoroughly shrunk and of sound and durable texture. The Silk and Wool fabric is specially adapted for hot weather wear.

Shirts, Wove Flannel, each Rs. 9., Silk and Wool, each Rs. 9-8.

SILK SHIRTS.

In this climate Silk Shirts will be found a great luxury. We have now a *fresh stock* of *new patterns*.

Shirts, Collars attached, each Rs. 12-8.

OUR BEST WHITE SHIRTS.

Longcloth Shirts with *fine* Linen Fronts and Cuffs, four fold, per ½ doz. Rs. 33.
Longcloth with Cambric Fronts and Cuffs, for wearing under Uniform, per ½ doz. Rs. 24.
Collars *attached*, *four fold Linen*, per ½ doz., extra Rs. 3.

COLLARS.

All the *new leading* shapes of the *finest Linen* and *four fold*, Rs. 6-8 to Rs. 7 per doz.

SLEEPING SUITS.

Best Wove Flannel, Shrunk	Rs. 18	Complete	Suit.	
,, Silk and Wool ,,	,, 18-8	,,	,,	
,, Oxford Cloth	,, 11	,,	,,	
,, Zephyr Cloth	,, 11	,,	,,	
,, Silk	,, 25	,,	,,	

Ten per Cent. Discount for Cash.

PATTERNS AND SIMPLE INSTRUCTIONS FOR SELF MEASUREMENT POST FREE ON APPLICATION.

BADHAM, PILE & CO.

BOMBAY AND POONA.

J. NEUBERG'S INDIAN CIGAR FACTORY.

NEW CROP! FRESH STOCK!
OF
CHEROOTS AND CIGARS.

Manufactured of Choicest Trichinopoly and Dindigul Tobacco, personally selected from the NEW SEASON'S CROP, to the high class quality of which he would respectfully draw the special attention of SMOKERS.

The different Brands held in stock are all *specialities*, of superb finish, and GUARANTEED quality, and Mr. Neuberg is confident that they will meet that approval from connoisseurs he has always studied to indulge.

BY DIRECT IMPORTATION.

MANILLA CIGARS AND CHEROOTS,
"CAVITE BRANDS"
Nos. 1, 2, & 3.
REAL HAVANNAH CIGARS
AND
BURMAHS

TOBACCOS.

Special attention is respectfully invited to this department. Mr. Neuberg's late visit to Virginia, New York, and Baltimore, the most celebrated Tobacco marts in the World, having resulted in a selection of the choicest brands known.

THE LARGEST, FRESHEST, AND MOST VARIED ASSORTMENT IN ALL INDIA.

CIGARETTE FACTORY.

Fourteen BRANDS to select from. Mild, Medium, and Full flavored.

MANUFACTURED DAILY.

General Price List on Application.

J. NEUBERG,
MEADOW STREET, BOMBAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE, FORT.

A TREMENDOUS HIT
OF THE
LEVIATHAN COMBINATION.
HUDSON'S SURPRISE PARTY
AND
DAVE CARSON'S,
MINSTREL AND VARIETY TROOPS,
WHO WILL APPEAR NIGHTLY IN THEIR UNRIVALLED ENTERTAINMENTS.

POSITIVELY FOR THIS WEEK ONLY,
which will be the last of
HUDSON'S SURPRISE PARTY IN BOMBAY.

SATURDAY NIGHT'S PROGRAMME
RECEIVED WITH THUNDERS OF APPLAUSE AND SCREAMS OF LAUGHTER,
WHICH WILL BE REPEATED TO-NIGHT
FOR THE LAST TIME
IN ORDER TO MAKE WAY FOR
GREATER NOVELTIES.

Admission

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

SATURDAY EVENING, SEPT. 25, 1880.

BEING mail day, and a Parsee holiday as well, the amount of actual business doing has been limited.

The home telegrams report no very special movements. Stocks yesterday were all as quoted on Thursday, Consols 97¼, French Rentes 120, Enfaced Rupee paper, Fours 80¾, Fours-and-a-half 87¾.

In the General Produce markets, Coffee and Cocoanut Oil are unchanged; Linseed firm with an advance of 3d. per quarter in Calcutta, to arrive via Cape, Rapeseed unaltered; Wheat firm but irregular in price, Soft White in Liverpool being 2d. lower and No. 2 1d. per cental higher. Reuter's figures, however, do not correspond with private telegrams, as regards the latter article.

Piece Goods in Manchester are said to be firm and Reuter advances his price for 40's Mule Twist ¼d. per lb. Merchants' messages, however, only call the market quiet and certainly do not quote any rise.

The Liverpool Cotton market yesterday was steady, sales 10,000, and to-day comes quiet, sales 6,000 bales. Liverpool spot quotations are all unchanged, but deliveries yesterday were 1-16d. higher for this month and 5-32d. for November-December, and Fair Bengals are quoted 1-16d. per lb. higher in London. In New York ready Mid Uplands remain at 11 13-16 cents, but December shipment advanced yesterday from 10·93 to 11, and to-day to 11·04 cents per lb.

We subjoin our usual weekly comparison of the statistical position. The Liverpool stock has been reduced by 24,000 bales, but the total visible supply, as we pointed out last Saturday, has touched the minimum for the year and is now on the increase, the addition to the figures on this occasion being 60,000 bales. The movements, however, are less interesting at the moment than a comparison of the totals, which brings out most prominently the fact that we begin to face the new season with a visible supply of 410,000 bales more than the corresponding date last year, whilst the price of American is 9-16d. per lb. higher. Viewing this in connection with the probability of this season's American Crop exceeding last by a quarter of a million bales, we think there is a good reason for considering even the present price for future delivery high, and that we must anticipate a material decline as ready supplies in Liverpool are augmented.

The total visible supply of Cotton for all Europe on 23rd instant compares with the two previous seasons as follows :—

	1880.	1879.	1878
Total Supply of all kinds ..	1,310,000	899,650	1,030,623
,, Surats..	311,000	384,000	310,550
For U.K. only the figures are :—			
Stock in Liverpool	534,000	246,300	387,220
,, London	54,000	62,600	23,010
American Afloat	130,000	42,000	24,000
E. Indian ,, ...	54,000	77,000	105,000
	742,000	427,900	540,230
Price of Mid. Uplands.....	7 1-16d.	6d.	6d.
,, Fair Dholleras.....	4 15-16d.	5·d.	5 1-16d.
Difference	2½d.	1¼d.	1 -16d.

The American Crop figures to date afford the following comparisons :—

	1880.	1879.	1878.
Week's Receipts	136,000	130,000	93,230
,, Exports to U. K..	34,000	17,000	11,000
,, ,, to Continent	17,000	1,200	4,000
Total Receipts since 1st Sept.	320,000	210,600	212,600
,, Exports to U. K. ,,	136,000	47,000	27,000
,, ,, to Continent 1st Sept.	31,000	7,200	4,000
,, Stock in the Ports	256,000	191,000	172,000
Saturday's Receipts	22,000	23,000	18,000

Bar Silver in London yesterday was quoted unchanged at 52⅛d. and to-day comes 52 3-16d. per oz.

EXCHANGE opened with a firmer appearance at an advance of 1-32d. and continued firm up to the close. The Banks have shown themselves decidedly more willing sellers than buyers, especially for future delivery, and to draw name 1-16d. over ready rates up to the end of the year and what is practically 1-32d. per rupee per month further forward, whilst for delivery after the end of the year they do not wish to buy even at a considerable difference in rates. There seems nothing of a special character to account for the stronger tendency apparent, unless perhaps somewhat better advices from China. Here the position is by no means strong, and we see no real foundation for an advance for some time to come; but there is unquestionably a feeling about that we shall see higher rates during the coming season, and a desire to anticipate the market may bring about a rise before it is warranted. We quote :—

Bank Bills, on demand.....	Is. 8 1-16d.	per Rupee
Do. telegraphic	Is. 8 1-32d.	,,
Do. 3 months' sight	Is. 8 3-16d.	,,
Credits. 3 ,, ,, ...	Is. 8 3-32d.	,,
Documents 3 ,, ,, ...	Is. 8 5-16d.	,,
Francs 3 ,, ,, ...	2·14½	,,

On Calcutta we still quote a somewhat irregular Fours are in request, at Rs. 96 7-16, mainly on Calcutta account, but Fours-and-a-half are barely steady at Rs. 104 9-16.

SHARES.—The market has been very quiet with very little doing owing to the Parsi holiday. Bank of Bombays remain unaltered at Rs. 700, Nationals are Re. 1 higher at Rs. 106. In Land Companies the only change is a decline of Rs. 5 in Port Cannings. Spinning and Weaving Mill shares are quiet, and we note a decline of Rs. 5 in Jewraj Balloo and Mazagon, Rs. 10 in Soonderdass and Rs. 15 in Madras United. Kurrachee Landing and Shipping Company's shares are in request at Rs. 415.

COTTON.—There has been some little demand for the lower grades of Old Omras for export, and some Khundwa and Indore about fully fair has been bought at Rs. 192 per candy. For New Crop prices are nominally unchanged, but there is nothing at all doing.

SEEDS are unaltered.

WHEAT is firmer owing to short supplies and best White may now be quoted at Rs. 3½ per candy.

FREIGHTS show no quotable change. For Liverpool 22s. 6d. for weight and 27s. 6d. for measurement are asked, but for a line probably 2s. 6d. less would be accepted.

PIECE GOODS are steady with a fair business doing in the bazaar at previous prices. To arrive however, there is still next to nothing passing. Manchester prices being considerably above our level.

In COALS there has been rather more doing to arrive of late at a slight reduction in prices.

BANK OF BENGAL

THE following is the statement of the affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 21st September as compared with that for 14th Sept. 1880 :—

	14th Sept.			21st Sept.		
LIABILITIES.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Capital paid-up	2,00,00,000	0	0	2,00,00,000	0	0
Reserve Fund	22,89,515	0	0	22,89,145	0	0
Treasury Balances.....	3,63,78,811	8	11	3,61,68,811	8	11
Other Deposits	2,77,16,981	10	0	2,93,21,248	5	3
Bank Post Bills, &c.....	1,50,331	12	1	10,81,976	15	7
Sundries	11,49,102	8	1	11,62,491	6	10
Rs..	8,30,26,967	3	4	8,46,26,283	6	10
ASSETS.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Government Securities ..	1,25,07,329	8	0	1,28,69,187	8	0
Loans on Govt. Securities.	62,77,653	10	1	63,59,218	9	2
Credits on do.	47,12,082	15	9	42,47,187	5	11
Bills Discounted	1,28,81,005	15	1	1,26,61,642	12	6
Balances with other Banks	5,01,095	3	1	5,62,078	7	5
Bullion	86,013	8	3	61,107	8	0
Dead Stock	10,61,833	5	7	10,61,755	12	11
Stamps	8,512	8	6	8,185	1	6
Sundries	3,63,189	9	6	3,69,341	1	6
Cash at Head Office	3,81,95,129	3	4	1,86,18,066	6	3
Do. at Branches	1,74,91,838	0	0	2,78,13,982	15	10
Rs..	8,30,26,967	3	4	8,46,26,283	6	10

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE P and O Co's Steamer Geelong, 1,129 tons, Captain G Watkins, sailed on the 25th inst for Jedda via Aden, with a general cargo and 680 pilgrims.

THE Steamer Arrow (50 hrs, Cap'n G J Baker, arrived in harbour on the 24th inst from Bussorah (23rd Sept.) with a general cargo and 27 deck passengers.

THE B I S N Co's Steamer Calcutta, 548 tons, Captain G A Mackerness, arrived in harbour on the 25th inst from Persian Gulf via Kurrachee, with a general cargo and the following passengers :—Col Sartorious, Mrs Anderson, Mr El Medjici, Mr Kelly, Mr Vuleur, and 65 deck.

THE Indian Government Steamer Dalhousie, 1059 tons, Captain Hotham, sailed on the 25th inst for Kurrachee, with a European officer, 2 public followers, and horse of the Sind Horse, 1 European officer, 1 follower and 1 horse of the Staff Corps, 1 Warrent officer of the Mdi Dept; 2 Native officers, 45 Rank and File and 1 follower of the 15th Regt N I. The following are the names of officers—Lieut. Col Trevor, Staff Corps; and Major Philips, 1st S and Horse.

ARRIVALS.

Sept.	Vessels.	Commander.	From.
25	Arrow (s)	Baker	Bhownugur, Sept 21.
	Calcutta (s).....	Mackerness..	Bussorah, Sept 16.
26	Nyanza (s)	Pait	Zanzibar, Sept 16.
	Poona (s)	Weighell.....	Calcutta, Sept 11.
	Wingfred	Louttit	Mauritius, Sept 8.
	Marlborough	Forbes	Mauritius, Sept 7.

DEPARTURES.

Sept.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
25	Puttialla (s)	Britten	Kurrachee.
	Prince Lucien ...	Cochrane ...	Calcutta.
	Faragut	Smaly	Calcutta.
	I. G. Dalhousie (s).	Hotham	Kurrachee.
	Verona (s)	Ashdown	Venice.
	Geelong (s)	Wilkinson ..	Seidah.

The following vessels were entered for loading on Saturday last :—

Steamer King Arthur, to Persian Gulf.
,, Cuba, to Coast and Calcutta.
Schooner Harmonie, to Mauritius.

CALCUTTA.

Sept. ARRIVALS.

21 Medina (s) ..... Bulkeley ..... Rangoon. Sept 14.
Pemba (s) ..... Guy ..... Singapore. Sept 3.
Lothow Rayman .. Nacoda ..... Karikal. Aug 4.
22 Peshawur (s) ..... Rennoldson .. Southampton. Aug 13.

DEPARTURES.

Sept. 21—Steamer Cobha.
Sept. 22—Steamers Linhope, Ooryia, Curlew, Scindia and a Steamer (shewed T H F G).

PASSENGERS.

Per Medina—Mr A R Colquhoun and 86 deck, 5 constables, and 8 convicts.
Per Pemba—Mr Fahrurdin and servant, Mr Shearin, M · J Dixon, Mr E H Bell, Mr C Vernes, Mr and Mrs Ford Hajee H Bindamin and servant, 4 persons and 2 children, and 153 deck.

MADRAS.

Sept. ARRIVALS.

22 Asia (s) .... Calcutta.
23 Cairngorm (s) .... Bombay.
Malda (s)..... ..... Calcutta.
24 Africa (s)..... ..... Rangoon.

Sept. DEPARTURES.

22 Eldorado (s) ..... London.
Duke of Argyll (s). ..... Calcutta.

DAILY IMPORTS.—SEPTEMBER 24.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Wistow Hall s—2 casks varnish, H Pestonjee; 10 cases printing papers, Byramjee Shapoorjee.
Clan Lamont s—20 packages glassware, Sawockshaw Pestonjee; 500 barrels alum, Tezpall Canu.
Malta s—9 boxes clocks, Merwanjee Cursetjee.

FROM LONDON.

Vortigern s—12 cases spot, Cutler Palmer and Co.
Rohilla s—20 cases cognac, Cutler Palmer and Co.
India s—2 casks earthenware, Eduljee Cursetjee Banatwalla, 25 cases gin, Dhunjeebhoy Cowasjee.
Kashgar s—3 casks brass and 2 casks copper wire, Heptoola Shaik Adum and Co.
Verona s—10 cases confectionery, Beun Ashley and Co; 3 cases cochineal, Khuttormull Tollaram; 100 kegs iron rase nails, Abdool Cadur Habuthhoy.
Singapore s—13 bales coloured and 11 bales printing papers, Byramjee Shapoorjee.

FROM MARSEILLES.

Singapore s—25 cases vermouth, Dhunjeebhoy Cowasjee.

FROM GLASGOW.

Leanoy s—200 cases sulphuric acid, Rogers and Co; 100 cases Sulphuric acid, Cadurbhoy Currimbhoy; 50 cases sulphric acid, Mackinlay Simpson and Co.

FROM GENOA.

Singapore s—30 cases can-de-cologne, William Bell and Co; 153 cases corks, F Muroglia and Co.

FROM TRIESTE.

Kashgar s—42 cases playing cards, M Mondalfo and Co.

FROM BORDEAUX.

India s—30 cases brandy, The Agra Bank.
Arabia s—35 cases brandy, Dhunjeebhoy Cowasjee.

DAILY EXPORTS.—SEPTEMBER 24.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Wistow Hall s,—125 cwts coir yarn, Lalljee Poonsee and Co; 200 cwts bones, Natha Essa, 660 cwts turmeric and 200 cwts myrabolams, Ruttonjee Manuckjee; 800 cwts wheat, Gangjee Nurput; 18 sales hides and skins, Mahamedally Abdoola and Co.

FOR LONDON.

Clan Lamont s,—18 bales cotton, P L Supermary Chetty; 500 cwts myrabolams, Ruttonjee Manuckjee; 632 cwts cloves, Tharia Tompun; 18 bales hides and skins Jewraz Merally; 125 cwts coir yarn, Soondersdass Govindjee; 1,000 cwts linseed, Hurry Bhanjee; 12 cases sandlewood oil, Ruttonjee Manuckjee.
Verona s,—30 boxes silver coins Rs. 2,20,000. The C M Bank; 2 cases chaddor, Tarachund Ghunshamdass.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Singapore s,—173 cwts groundnuts, Rewagur Coovergur.

HIGH COURT.—SEPTEMBER 27.

(Before the Hon the Chief JUSTICE and the Hon Sir CHARLES SARGENT.)

Testamentary and Intestate Jurisdiction.

For Judgment.

In the matter of the last Will and Testament of Thakur Madhunjee Dhurrunsey deceased—Thakur Gokuldass Madhowjee—Applicant—Hore, C and B.—(On notice to Government Solicitor).

[Before the Hon. Mr. JUSTICE BAYLEY.]

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Cause.

56-78—C Tyabjee—Khudiza alias Doolum Begum vs Salma and others—Prescot and W—Part heard.
336-78—H W Payne—Janardhun Ramchundra vs The National S and W Co; L—Shapurjee and T—Part heard.
338-80—Hore, C and B—Dyall Mooljee and another vs Mullee Govind and others—Jefferson, B and D.

For the Examination of Witnesses.

R M Sayani—In the matter of the East India Bank in liquidation—C A Turner, Official Liquidator.

[Before the Hon. Mr. JUSTICE WEST.]

Such of the following New Long Causes fixed for the 27th September next as either party has informed the Prothonotary or the Deputy Registrar will be defended, will not be called on until any consent decree and undefended suits in the list are disposed of; defended suits will stand over and be taken in their order.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

New Long Causes.

375-80—Jefferson, B and D—Dewjabai vs Nanbai and another—R M Sayani and H Bicknell.
381-79—Macfarlane and G—Sayad Ahmed bin Sayad Hoosein Cadree vs the Administrator General of Bombay.

Long Causes.

35-78—Chalk and W—Cooverjee Pemjee and others vs The G I P Railway Co—Hearn, C and L—Part heard.
519-79—Crum and W—Goodrao Mullar vs The G I P Railway Co—Hearn, C and L.

For conclusion of Counsel's reply.

423-79—Hearn, C and L—Munchershaw Bezonjee vs The New Dharwarrg Poonjabhoy S and W Co Ld—Crawford and B.

[Before the Hon. Mr. JUSTICE MARRIOTT.]

For investigation under Sec 108 of Act X of 1877.

In person—Damodar Ramchundra Pandit vs Vishnoo Ramchandra Kamade and another—Balkrishna and B.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

For Counsel's reply.

246-80—Shapurjee and T—Oomabee Lingoo vs. Rukhmabai and others—Tobin and B—Part heard.

For the examination of witnesses.

In the matter of the Indian Company's Act X of 1866 and in the matter of George III Jute and Wool S and W Co., Ld., in liquidation—R M Sayani—Cassumbhoy Dhanjee, petitioner, vs C A Turner, Official Liquidator.

Long Causes.

330-79—Shamrao P—Gorobai vs Dewjee Siwa Thackore and others—C Tyabjee.
436-79—In person—Gunput Shivram vs Nanabhoy Nowrojee.
493-78—Sanai and H—Ladkibai vs Rameshunderdass Hunsraj and another—R M Sayani.
311-80—M H Khan—Abdool Cader Tyebally vs Vizbhoocundass Shamuldass—In person.
356-80—Tobin and R—(For plantiff a pauper) Caroline D Pranjo vs Charles J Bourne—In person.
368-80—In person (a pauper)—Coverbai vs Thackoor Raghowjee Dharsey.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—SEPTEMBER 24.

Hallen, Ins Vet Surg, on duty, from Simla.
Seton, Major, R E, on leave, from Poona.
Walker, Major, 4th Cavalry H C, on leave, from Aurungabad.
Featherstanhough, Captain, R E, on duty, from Calcutta.

SEPTEMBER 25.

Beale, 2nd Lieut, 2-17th Regt, on duty, from Deolalee.
Williams, Lieut, R A, on sick leave, from Peshawar.
Sartorius, Lieut Col, 8th Bengal Cavalry, on sick leave, from Killa Abdulla.
Woodhouse, Captain, 9th Bengal N I, on sick leave, from Afghanistan.

DEPARTURES.—SEPTEMBER 25.

Wintle, Captain, R A, on sick leave, to England.
Davies, Lieut, 2-22nd Regt, on sick leave, to England.
Straglan, Lieut, 2-9th Regt, on sick leave, to England.
Wood, Lieut, 17th Lancers, on sick leave, to England.
Hogg, Lieut, 32nd Pioneers, on sick leave, to England.
Watson, Captain, 16th Bombay N I, on sick leave, to England.
Sartorius, Lieut Col, 8th Bengal Cavalry, on sick leave, to England.
Hughes, Brgr Genl, staff, on sick leave, to England.
Plomer, Col, 17th Bombay N I, on duty, to Sattara.
Beedes, Major, Rifle Brigade, on duty to Rawal Pindee.
Philips, Major, 1st Sind Horse, to rejoin, to Jacobabad.
Stratford, Captain, Rifle Brigade, on duty, to Rawal Pindee.

BOMBAY ARMY ORDERS.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, HEAD QUARTERS.

Poona, September 24.

The Comdr-in-Chief is pleased to make the following appointments :—

2nd (Prince of Wale's Own) Regt N I (Grenadiers)—Lieut A D Fordyce, 1st Batl 16th Foot, a candidate for the Staff Corps, to officiate as wing officer on probation.

The following orders are confirmed :—

Sind District Order—Dated 14th Sept 1880, appointing Captain E J Coulson, 3rd Regt N I, to perform the duties of Interpreter to the Detachment, 98th Regt at Hydrabad, there being no officer of that corps available.

Sind Frontier Force Order—Dated 13th Sept 1880, appointing Captain H. E. Pearson, Wing Officer officiating Adjt and Wing Comdr 18th Regt N I, to command the Depot 30th N I, in addition to his other duties, vice Major Younge, 3rd N I, leaving the station.

22nd Regiment N I—Lieutenant R. F. M. Johnstone, 2nd Battalion 16th Foot, a candidate for the Staff Corps, to officiate as Wing Officer on probation.

Deolalee Station Order—Dated 4th Sept 1880, intimating that Major J. Smith commanded the depot and station in addition to his own duties, from 16th Aug to 3rd Sept 1880, both days inclusive.

Under instructions from H E the Comdr-in-Chief in India, the undermentioned medical officers whose tour of Indian service has expired, will return to England during the present trooping season :—

Army Med Dept—Surg Major B T Giraud, Surg Major H Waghorn, and Surg J Prendergast.

Under instructions from Horse Guards Lieut A Phayre, 11th Foot, is directed to proceed to England to join the 1st Battln of his Regt into which he has been promoted (Para VII, Clause VII, Para 109 transport Regulations Part II.

The undermentioned officers returned to duty by permission of the Secy of State for India on the dates specified :—

Col A G Plomer, Staff Corps Comdt, 17th Regt N I, 21st Sept 1880.
Lieut-Col F P Forteath, Staff Corps, 2nd in Comd, 18th Regt N I., 21st Sept 1880.
Major C E Pfeiffer, Staff Corps, Depy Settlement Officer in Sind, 20th September 1880.

The following order is confirmed as a temporary arrangement :

Kandahar Field Force Order—Dated 16th August 1880, appointing Major W Marshall, Staff Corps, (Wing Officer 4th N D, to officiate as Wing Comdr 19th Regt N I, vice Major French, killed in action.

This cancels G O C No 427 of the 13th ultimo, in so far as it refers to Major Marshall.

1st Regt. N. I.—Regtl Order, dated 28th July 1880, making the following appointments :—

Lieut Col C. M. Griffith, offg 2nd in Command, to officiate as Comdt vice Lieut Col Anderson, wounded in action and reported sick.
Lieut W C Ashe, Q M, to officiate as 2nd in Comd, in addition to his own duties vice Lieut Col Griffith.
Lieut F Whittuck, Wing Officer, to officiate as Wing Comdr, vice Captain Grant, wounded in action and reported sick and also as Adjt vice Lieut Hinde, killed in action both in addition to his other duties.

G O C Nos. 251 of 30th April 1880, and 435 of 13th Aug 1880, in so far as they refer to the Regtl Orders of the 13th N I, dated 20th April 1880, and 7th N. I. dated 25th May 1880, respectively, are cancelled.

The undermentioned officer has leave of absence :—

Bengle Staff Southern Afghanistan Field Force—Brgdr Genl H H A Wood, C B, to remain at Poona, from 23rd to 30th Sept 1880, in extension on medical certificate.

On the recommendation of Medical Board the undermentioned officer is granted leave to the port of embarkation for thirty days from date of availaing himself of it, and thence to England from date of embarkation for the period specified opposite his name :—

17th Lancers—Lieut G A Wood, twelve months.

BENGAL GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

(Calcutta Gazette.)

Mr J O' Kinealy, Supt and Remembrancer of Legal Affairs, is allowed furlough for six mon ths under section 21, Chapter IV of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 11th proximo.

Mr T T Allen, Dist and Sessions Judge Rajshahye, to act as Supt and Remembrancer of Legal Affairs, during the absence on leave, of Mr J O' Kinealy, or until further orders.

Mr A H Haggard, B C S, has been granted an extension of sick leave for three months by H M's Secy of State for India.

Mr E N Baker, Asst Magte and Collr Lohardugga, is appointed to have temporary charge of the Goalpore Divn of the Manbhoom district, during the absence, on deputation, of Mr H H Risley or until further orders.

Mr A W Barkley, Depy Magte and Depy Collr in charge of the Cox's Bazar Divn of the Chittagong district, is allowed leave for three months, under the rules in Chapter VII of the Civil Leave Code.

Mr C H Swinden, Offg Depy Magte and Depy Collr, Sungoo, Chittagong Hill Tracts, is appointed to have charge of the Cox's Bazar Divn of the Chittagong district.

Mr J T Jarbo, Offg Depy Magte and Depy Collr Chittagong Hill Tracts, is appointed to have charge of Sungoo division of that district until further orders.

Mr Buroodh is re-appointed to act, until further orders, as a Joint-Magte and Depy Collr of the First Grade, with effect from the 16th inst.

Major W L Samuells, Offg Depy Commr, Hazaribagh, is allowed leave for three months with effect from the 25th inst, or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

Mr H H Risley, Asst Comr, in charge of the Gobindpore Divn of the Manbhoom district, is appointed to act temporarily as Depy Commr of Hazaribagh during the absence, on leave, of Major W L Samuells, or until further orders.

Mr L B B King, Dist and Sessions Judge, Dinagepore, is promoted to the First Grade of Dist and Sessions Judges, with effect from the 23rd July last, vice the Hon A J Macleau.

Mr R F Rampini, Offg Dist and Sessions Judge Dacca, is appointed to be a Dist and Sessions Judge of the Second Grade, with effect from the 23rd July last, vice Mr L B B King.

Mr J E B Jeffery, Offg Magte and Collr, Furreedpore, on leave, is appointed to be a Joint-Magte and Depy Collr of the First Grade, with effect from the 23rd July last, vice Mr R F Rampini.

Mr Jeffery will continue to act, until further orders, as Magte and Collr of Furreedpore in the Second Grade.

Mr W Fiddian, Asst Magte and Collr, on furlough, is appointed to be a Joint-Magte and Depy Collr of the Second Grade, with effect from the 23rd July last, vice Mr J E B Jeffery.

The Lieut Govr accepts the resignations tendered by the Honble J O Kinealy of his seat in the Council of the Lieut-Govr of Bengal for making Laws and Regulations.

Mr T G Hawkes, Dist Supdt of Police, Mymensingh, is appointed to act, until further orders, in the Fourth Grade of Dist Supdts of Police, with effect from the 23th ultimo, vice Mr A H James, on leave.

Surgn-Major J C Shaw, Offg Civil Surgn of Chumparun, is appointed to act as Civil Surgn of Durbhunga during the absence, on deputation, of Surgn W F Murray, or until further orders.

Mr W N Reid, Indigo-planter at Chainpur, is appointed to be an Hony Magte for the Bhubooch Bench of Magtes in the district of Shahabad.

Mr A N Stewart, Supervisor and Collr of Tolls, Circular and Eastern Canals, is granted privilege leave for three months.

H Brown, R E, Offg Ex Engr, Fourth Grade, attached to the office of the Suptdg Engr, Sone Circle, is granted privilege leave for 2 months and 10 days.

THE BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS REGIMENTAL ORDERS

BY LIEUT.-COLONEL COMMANDANT W. S. HEWETT.

Bombay, 25th September 1880.

1 No 1203 Vol F Engel having joined is taken on the strength from this date and posted to D. Company. "1180

2. Members who have entered are reminded that match 37 S I Rifle Association, can be shot for at the Colaba range on Tuesday and Wednesday morning, 28th and 29th inst, from 6-30 to 9-30 A. M. Competitors are requested to bring their entrance fees with them. Ammunition will be obtainable on payment on the ground. Five must be present to shoot together at the same time.

By Order,
W. M. TENNENT, Captain,
Actg. Adjt. B. V. R. C.

NOTICE.

MESSRS. C. MARCKS and Co. are happy to announce that, in consequence of continually increasing sale of Mr. MENIST'S the CELEBRATED SPECTACLES, EYE-GLASSES, &c., for which they are the appointed Agents, they are enabled to make a REDUCTION of TWENTY PER CENT. on the former prices, thus placing these VALUABLE AIDS to DEFECTIVE VISION within reach of EVERY ONE.

BOMBAY MILITARY RELIEF FUND.

GENTLEMEN are earnestly requested to PAY the amount of their SUBSCRIPTIONS into the BANK OF BOMBAY at their earliest convenience.

T. S. WEIR,
DOSABHOY FRAMJEE,
Honorary Secretaries.

HARRIS AND LAWRENCE,

OCULISTS' OPTICIANS,
20, RAMPART ROW,
(NEXT THE ORIENTAL BANK,)
BOMBAY.

Opticians to the Bombay Ophthalmic Hospital.

REGISTERED PROPRIETORS of the LUCULENT and METRICAL SPECTACLES, which are used in all Ophthalmic Hospitals, and prescribed by all Surgeon Oculists. For the convenience of those who are unable to visit us, we have published a copy-righted system of TEST TYPES for self-fitting, which we will forward FREE on application.

NOTICE.

PASSENGERS TRAVELLING on the B. B. & C. I. LINE can obtain copies of the BOMBAY GAZETTE Daily Edition on the same day at the Bahsar Station.
Agent: EDULJEE PESTONJEE DESAI,
Wine Merchant.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

BOMBAY.

BIRTH.

ADAMS—September 25th, the wife of J. Adams, Esq., P. W. Dept., of a daughter, which survived its birth only a few hours.
CARPENTER—September 25th, the wife of Thomas Carpenter, Superintendent, Engine Department, H. M.'s Mint, of a son.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTH.

CHAMBRES—September 11th, at Sylhet, the wife of R. C. Chambres, of a daughter.

MARRIAGE.

ROSAMBEAU—GLASSFORD—September 20th, at Allahabad, by the Revrd. Ansell Jones, Ernest Rosambeau, to Miss Ellen Glasford.

DEATHS.

HAMILTON—September 22nd, at 29, Zig Zag Lane, Calcutta, Mary, the beloved wife of A. Hamilton, daughter of the late David Scott, Esq., C. S., Agent to the Governor-General on the N. E. Frontier of Bengal, aged 53 years.
JENKINS—September 9th, at Rawal Pindi, of enteric fever, Colonel R. Jenkins, Commandant, 1st Bengal Cavalry, aged 54 years.

All MONEY ORDERS, CHEQUES, and other Remittances sent to this office should be made payable to the "Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette*."

The Bombay Gazette

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 27, 1880.

THERE is no one point brought out more clearly in the report of the Indian Famine Commission than that of the importance of extending lines of communication. The Commissioners state, "It is to the future extension of railways that we look as the most complete justification of our belief that the trade of the country may be confidently left to provide for the supply of food in times of scarcity." The dissent minute of Messrs. Caird and Sullivan is based entirely on the want in India of means of communication. They urge, and with a good deal of force, the storage of food by Government in those localities "distant from the lines of railway communication;" and they close with the remark, "nor do we at present counsel interference with trade, except in localities with which it has as yet imperfect means of communication." There can be but little doubt that at present the Government are, as it were, burning the candle at both ends. They are giving India the benefit of freedom of trade, under which the produce is drawn out of the country through the influence of high prices, but they fail to give that safeguard in railways which will bring food back into the different localities when needed. In old times food never found its way out; there was no demand beyond the local one, and in every locality the excess of production was stored in the ground and became a real insurance fund—unlike Sir John Strachey's—against famine. Now trade enhances the price of grain, all surplus stock are disposed of, and, when famine comes, there is not only no reserve of food but there are no railways to carry food into the famine stricken districts. The Commissioners state, "Judging from these considerations, we can have no doubt that the surplus produce of India, taken as a whole, at present furnishes the means of meeting the demands of any part of the country likely to suffer from famine at any one time." But then further on they write, "Until, however, the whole country is more completely supplied with railways or canals, by which food can be transported rapidly, cheaply, and in large quanties to every part where severe want may exist, the possibility of some unusual demand for Government interference in particular localities or for special classes of people cannot be shut out, nor the danger of the occurrence of a great calamity altogether removed." This, taken with the expression of Lord Hartington's in introducing the Indian budget, which we quoted some days ago, "I think the most satisfactory feature of that position (Indian Finance) is the increasing productiveness of the public works to which I have referred," should certainly lead to a more active prosecution of railways as one of the best insurances against loss of life by famine. We would be glad to see this matter taken up with more interest in our own Presidency; in Bengal they are doing a good deal quietly, but here, where there has been so much suffering from famine of late, and where a scarcity was threatening only a few days ago, there is nothing done and apparently nothing thought of.

Another matter which we have urged and in which this Famine Commission Report supports us, is the re-establishment of the agricultural department as a distinct department, and not as a subdivision, as now, only of sufficient importance to claim a portion of the time of one of the secretaries to Government. The special Commission recommends the appointment of a Famine Commissioner who should be the head of a department to obtain agricultural, vital, and economic statistics throughout the country; under him there should be for each province a Director of Agriculture who would "control the statistical officers and be the adviser of the local governments on all matters relating to agriculture and statistics." "In ordinary times he should discharge these duties and superintend all measures designed to improve the agriculture of the country." It is suggested that all the officers of this department should prepare for their duties by a "technical training in scientific and practical agriculture." Such a department might be made of immense benefit to this country: there would be danger, we admit, of attempts to introduce at once too much science; the inclination would be to urge the immediate abolition of old practices and adopt those recommended by scientists, but if prudent men were appointed to these posts this would soon right itself. And it is not only as regards famine but also as regards trade that the statistics which such a department would furnish would be invaluable. The figures now given are generally too late to be of any use to the merchant, and trade is carried on in ignorance of the statistics so vital to its intelligent conduct. With all the means at our disposal in the shape of telegraphs, we are still lamentably behind the rest of the world in prompt information as to extent and prospects of the crops. In a country so entirely dependent on agriculture, an agricultural department ought to be one of the first to be established, and every effort should be made to give the promptest information. At present we have a kind of agricultural department as a branch of one of the secretariat departments of the Supreme Government; but so important a matter requires the whole attention of an able staff; and such a department would naturally be the one to take the responsibility of dealing with future famines.

A third point brought clearly out by this report is the danger of interfering with factory labour. The Commissioners state: "A main cause of the disastrous consequences of Indian famines, and one of the greatest difficulties in the way of providing relief in an effectual shape, is to be found in the fact that the great mass of the population directly depends on agriculture, and that there is no other industry from which any considerable part of the community derives its support. The failure of the usual rain thus deprives the labouring class, as a whole, not only of the ordinary supplies of food obtainable at prices within their reach, but also of the sole employment by which they can earn the means of procuring it. The *complete remedy* for this condition of things will be found *only in the development of industries other than agriculture*, and independent of the fluctuations of the seasons." Surely this should lead our legislators to deal very tenderly with factory labour when the proposed bill comes up again for discussion. It is essential before any step is taken in the way of restricting labour that it should be clearly made out that there is an evil to be met. That certain philanthropists at home who have suggested active measures in this direction are sincere in their views we do not for a moment doubt. But the picture they drew of the condition of the children working in our mills was certainly an exaggerated one. The evidence of men, whose knowledge depends on what they hear from others, is of but little value in such a discussion. The Local Government should take steps to ascertain the truth. It is in Bombay chiefly that the evil which will result from such legislation, will mainly fall, and the members of this Government ought to be able to give an intelligent opinion on the subject; not one based on statements of the millowner only; not gained by visiting any one well regulated mill on a certain fixed day; but by careful investigation made by those in whom they can trust. If the children come from the mills at night wearied, worn-looking, or emaciated, by all means legislate for their protection; but if they invariably appear, as we have always met them, sprightly, playful, and healthy, they cannot be overworked, and legislation is unnecessary. We trust that this famine report will lead the Supreme Legislative Council to deal very cautiously with a matter so vital to the general interests of the country.

WITH reference to the appalling calamity at Naini-Tal we would ask the perusal of the following remarks on "Mountain Torrents" by M. Réclus in his work, "Phenomena of the Life of the Globe."

"There is probably no country in the world where devastation goes on more rapidly than in the French Alps. The mountains of this region, and especially those which enclose the basins of the Durance and its tributaries, are in general composed of very hard rocks alternating with other beds, which easily give way under the action of the water; in every place we may notice immense cliffs resting upon bases without any solid consistence. The marls, the disintegrated schists, and the other friable matter are gradually washed away, and their fall precipitates that of the compact layers at the summit, which suddenly fall down or glide slowly into the valleys. It is, however, the improvidence of the inhabitants, and not so much the geological constitution of the soil, which is the principal cause of the devastating action of the streams. In the mountains of Dauphiny and Provence, the sides of most of which are now so bare, were once covered with trees and various plants which kept back the surface-water resulting from the rain or melting of the snow by absorbing a great part of the living moistures and thus retaining the coating of vegetable earth over the beds of crumbling rock. During the course of centuries, the trees have been cut down by greedy speculators and by senseless farmers who wished to add a few acres of land to the fields in the valleys and to the pastures on the summits; but *when they destroyed the forest they also destroyed the very ground it stood on.* The rain or snow, being now no longer kept back upon the slopes by the roots of the trees *and the vegetation generally* descends rapidly into the valley, driving before it all the *debris* torn away from the sides of the mountain. The tooth of the goat and the sheep helps to lay bare the roots of the herb

TELEGRAMS.

COLONEL MALCOLMSON AND MAJOR CURRIE.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

KANDAHAR, SEPT. 25.

For some days past it has been whispered that Colonel Malcolmson and Major Currie were under arrest. This is now confirmed.

CONDITION OF THE TROOPS.

KANDAHAR, SEPT. 24.

The regiments here await anxiously the final order for garrisoning Kandahar. Nothing definite is known as yet. It is supposed that General Phayre's division will relieve General Primrose. The service in Afghanistan continues unpopular with officers and men. Cold weather is now setting in, and precautions as to clothing troops and followers newly arrived from India are becoming necessary. General Daubeny's brigade will remain at Kokeran for some days before breaking up. Nothing has been heard about the Court of Enquiry into the campaign, recently announced by Lord Hartington. Meantime many valuable witnesses are leaving for India and England. It admit it is a necessity, as many unpleasant rumours are circulating which were better either contradicted or confirmed. The result of the enquiry over Colonels Malcolmson and Currie is not yet decided.

The 15th Foot paraded for medical inspection to-day. Three hundred men were fit for duty and five hundred were in the rear sick. Although many unjust criticisms have recently been passed on the Bombay troops, it cannot be denied that several regiments now in Afghanistan are of miserable physique, and badly set up. Such are calculated to arouse contempt in the Afghans. Some regiments are very good. Much depends on the officers; too many of whom take little interest in their work.

The 15th Hussars are under orders for India, the second Beloochies march to-morrow.

From Chaman authentic intelligence has been received of Ayoub Khan having crossed into Herat territory, 110 miles beyond the Helmund.

Hashim Khan has been deputed to Farrah, where there are some infantry and six guns. No definite news yet as to what has become of the Kabuli regiments. Abdul Rahman has sent two deputies to confer with his mother in Kandahar, and to report on the position generally. Mr. Lyall is expected here on the 6th.

THE MARCH OF GENERAL BAKER'S BRIGADE.

(FROM THE PRESS COMMISSIONER.)

SIMLA, SEPT. 25.

Colonel St. John reports that all is quiet at Kandahar. General Baker's brigade reached Killa Abdulla yesterday, its march across the Toba plateau being practically unopposed. The small column under Lieutenant Colonel Rowcroft, *en route* to Kawas, reached Wam on the 26th. There was no difficulty about supplies.

THE PUNISHMENT OF MARRIS.

General Macgregor marched yesterday for Hurndi to settle affairs with the Marri tribe and restore the railway communication. The brigade sent from Kandahar to Maiwand has returned, having buried the bodies found on the field of the action of 27th July, where a large cairn has been constructed.

MINISTERIAL CHANGES IN PERSIA.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

TEHERAN, SEPT. 25.

The Minister of Foreign affairs and the Commander-in-Chief have been dismissed, and others appointed to their places.

These changes, in so far as they have political significance, are regarded as being favourable to British influence, the ex-Minister and the ex-Commander-in-Chief being pro Russian in their sympathies.

POONA RACES.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

THE BEHRAM CUP.—Presented by Mr. Cursetjee. Value Rs. 400. Distance 1 mile. Handicap for all Galloways. Entrance, Rs. 30. Half forfeit.

	st. lb
Mr. Abdool Rahmon's c a g Ringlet	8 8..1
Nawab of Jowrah's g a g Mecca	8 3..2
Messrs. C. N. C's b a g Behram	8 12..3
Major Crosbie's c a g Osman	8 1..0
Mr. Maitland's c a p Modesty	7 0..0

Time, 2 minutes.

TURF CLUB HANDICAP.—Rs. 350 from the fund for all Arabs and country breds. Winner claimable for Rs. 1,500. Distance, 1 mile. Entrance, Rs. 30. Half forfeit.

Aga Moochool Shaw's b a h Syeed	9 5..1
Mr. Abdool Rahmon's g a h Fairy King	7 4..2
Mr. Herbert's g a h Florican	8 8..3
Mr. Larken's c c b m Vesper	8 7..0

Time, 1 minute 50 secs.

THE DESERT CUP.—Value Rs. 500. Presented by Abdool Rahmon Munnee, Esq., and Kelly Maitland, Esq. Distance, 1½ mile. Handicap for all Arabs. Entrance, Rs. 50. Half forfeit.

Mr. Whitehead's b a h Sir John	6 12..1
Mr. Abdool Rahmon's c a h Furreed	8 7..2
Aga Moochool Shaw's b a h Reserved	7 8..3
Mr. Herbert's b a h King Arthur	9 10..0
H. H. Aga Khan's c a h Eghbal	7 9..0
Mr. Abdool Rahmon's b a h Rataplan	8 7..0

THE WIND UP HANDICAP.—For all entered for the Pony Races and other ponies. Rs. 250 from the fund. Distance, ¾ mile. Entrance, Rs. 30. Half forfeit.

Major Crosbie's c a p Little Ruby	7 0..1
Mr. Whitehead's b r a p Sattara	8 12..2
Capt. Vernon's c a p Little Ben	7 2..3
Mr. Larken's b a p Mercury	7 10..0
Mr. Maitland's c a p Modesty	9 2..0
Mr. Whitehead's g a p Royal Exchange	7 0..0

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

(By Red Sea Cable.)

CRITICAL POSITION OF THE MONTENEGRIN QUESTION.

CONSTANTINOPLE, SEPT. 25.

Admiral Seymour has returned to Ragusa, and has ordered the combined fleet to sail on Monday to Dulcigno.

The Porte has finally refused to grant the cession of Dulcigno unless the Naval demonstration is abandoned.

The Albanian league have threatened to arrest the Consuls of the great Powers if the cession is carried out. The British Consul has quitted Scutari.

FRENCH POLICY.

PARIS, SEPT. 25

A Circular has been issued by the Minister of Foreign Affairs in which he dwells upon the importance of a pacific policy being maintained by France.

LADY RIPON.

LONDON, SEPT. 26.

Lady Ripon leaves Brindisi on the 8th November, remains in Egypt one week, and embarks in the P. and O. s.s. Cathay, on the 18th.

STEAMER MOVEMENT.

LONDON, SEPT. 24

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Dorunda, homeward bound from Calcutta, Madras, and Colombo, left here this morning.

LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON REPORT.

LONDON, SEPT. 24.

Total Weeks Sales of Cotton	48,000 bales.
Amount forwarded	3,000 "
" Weeks Sales of Surats	6,000 "
" Amount forwarded	1,000 "
" Weeks Imports of Cotton	23,000 "
" " " Surats	Nil.
" Stock of Cotton	534,000 "
" " Surats	163,000 "
" Stock of Cotton in London	54,000 "

LONDON, SEPT. 24.

The Liverpool Cotton market closed steady.

Surats steady.

The London Cotton market has been quiet.

Fair Dhollera ..... 4 15-16d.

The Manchester market has been firm.

7lbs. Shirtings 6

8½lbs. do. 7

40's Mule Twist 0-11

Exchange on India 60 days sight 1-8

4 per cent. Rupee Paper 80½

4½ per cent. do. 87½

3 per cent. Consols for account 97¼

3 per cent. French Rente 120

Bar Silver 52½

The sum of about £75,000 has been paid into the Bank of England.

Arrivals.—Albula and Sidonian.

STEAMER REPORTS.

GALLE, SEPT. 26, 8-45 P.M.

French Mail Steamer Anadyr, from China, arrived.

A GOVERNMENT Resolution has been issued fixing the 1st July next for the transfer to the district civilians of the charge of the primary schools.

HIS Highness the Raja of Rutlam left Bombay last evening for Drangadra, where he will stay for a month on a visit to his father-in-law, the Raja of Drangadra. The usual salute will be fired from the saluting battery this morning.

IN a telegram to the Secretary of State the Duke of Buckingham has offered his felicitations to Mr. Adam, on his appointment to the Governorship of Madras.

MR. ADAM is not expected to leave England until the end of October or the beginning of November.

A MADRASSEE, who arrived at home towards the end of last month, says the *Madras Mail*, went down one evening to "the House," and found his old acquaintance, Mr. Adam, reading with much amusement the first telegram that he had ever received from India. The Right Honourable gentleman explained that it was a message from the Duke's *chef*, we suppose applying for the same position in the new Governor's establishment.

COLONEL GORDON, before leaving Shanghai, the *China Mail* says, telegraphed to Mr. Mallet, H.B.M.'s Consul in Egypt, asking him to write to him at Aden, and tell him whether the Soudan slave trade was stopped, and stating that upon a reply to this letter his movements would depend.

COLONEL GORDON while in China drew up a memorandum on the Chinese Army, which he is reported to have given to Li Hung Chang. Colonel Gordon recommends that the infantry of the Chinese army should be armed with breachloaders, and that heavy mortars should be purchased to defend the coast. "China," the gallant Colonel thinks, "should never engage in pitched battles; her strength is in quick movements in cutting off the trains of baggage and in night attacks, not pushed home; in a continuous worrying of her enemy's." Another recommendation is that rockets should be used instead of cannon, and that no artillery should be moved with the troops, because "it delays and impedes them." China is advised further not to buy big ships, and that small, quick vessels are of more value for her purposes; that "China's strength is in the creeks, not in the open sea." Finally, in a *Postscript*, Colonel Gordon remarks:—"As long as Peking is the centre of the Government of China, China can never afford to go to war with any first-class Power. It is too near the sea. The Emperor (queen bee) must be in the centre of the hive. No iron-clads or iron gun-boats can help China till she has a place to keep them in. But China can give no place (asylum) to keep them till she has an army. China cannot have an army when Generals keep 2,000 men and draw pay for Rs. 5,000. Those generals ought to have their heads cut."

THE death of the Nawab of Rampore is reported. His Highness had been ill for a long time.

LOCAL marksmen are reminded by a notice which appears in another column that to-morrow and Wednesday are the days fixed for the competition in Bombay in connection with the Southern India Rifle Association Volunteer match. The shooting will take place at Colaba, and will commence at half past six each morning. There must be five competitors, or the scores will not be allowed to count for the prize. Intending competitors may pay their entrance fees on the ground.

THE mural paintings at Lowjee Castle, which we mentioned the other day as attracting considerable attention at the evening party last week, are the work of Professor G. Gibello, an Italian artist, for some time resident in Bombay. Professor Gibello is at present engaged decorating Government House, Parel, which, we presume from this fact, will not be left unused by the present Governor as it was by Sir Richard Temple.

AN engine driver at Bandikui is now awaiting his trial on a charge of manslaughter for having caused the death of a native woman. The woman was struck on the back of the head, and died before she could be carried to hospital.

NOTICING a report that six covenanted engine drivers have just arrived from England for the Mysore State Railway, the *Railway Service Gazette* remarks:—There are many good men in the country almost in a state of starvation, and we think it would be much more creditable to Government if, instead of allowing them to become loafers (they having ultimately to take up their abode in the Government work-houses) they were offered the situations now filled up by men who are covenanted out at the expense of the taxpayers.

A CORRESPONDENT of a Parsee paper, writing from Lahore, says that during the recent sacred season of *gahmbars* the Zoroastrian residents there offered up regular prayers and sermons, in which sympathy for the disasters in the Afghan war and rejoicing at the triumph of British arms were prominent sentiments.

IT is stated that Major White, 92nd Highlanders, returned to Simla on Thursday evening, September 16th, but up to the evening of September 18th his letters, announcing his return, had not been received.

THE *Englishman* publishes report of an appeal decision by the Judge of Nuddea, which, he says, furnishes a striking example of the way justice is distorted in some of the mofussil courts. It seems that but for the good sense and judgment of the Sessions judge, three innocent men would have had to undergo a lengthened penal imprisonment.

WITH reference to the paragraph which appeared in our issue of the 14th instant, we now learn from a creditable source that the chief of Palitana has not the remotest intention of taking Mr. Narayenrao Khurkur as his Karbharee. The present incumbent, Mr. Gopinath Sadasewjee, enjoys the full confidence of the Chief in the performance of the duties attached to the office.

THE estimate of the entire indigo crop is now set down at about 125,000 maunds.

THE recent educational ukase promulgated by Dr. Buhler about the admission of Dheds and Bhungies into all schools under his supervision, a correspondent tells us, has met with a cold reception in Kattywar. Colonel Barton has destinctly given the authorities to understand that the order in question shall not apply to the schools in Kattywar, which are not supported by the Imperial money but owe their existence entirely to the funds raised by the Chiefs, who to a man strongly oppose the new measure.

THE *Kandahar News* of the 12th September states:—It is reported that Ayoub Khan had only two to three hundred sowars with him when he passed through Zemindawar. The Surteep was not with him, and it is not known where he went after the battle of Kandahar. Colonel Edwardes, Chief Director of Transport, left Kandahar this morning for Killa Abdulla to confer with Sir F. Roberts and Sir R. Sandeman, on matters of Transport Supplies.

A PATRIOTIC Fund meeting has been held at Ulwar. A native gentleman of that State writes:—"His Highness the Maha Rao Raja of Ulwar, having convened a large and influential meeting of his principal jagirdars and officials, explained to them briefly how the Afghan war had been conducted; how bravely their countrymen had fought side by side with the British soldiers against the Afghans; and what glorious victories were won at Ali Musjid, Peiwar Kotal, and still more recently outside the gates of Kandahar. Bravery, His Highness further remarked, had from ancient times been regarded as the special qualification of the Rajputs. It therefore behoved us not to be behind others in coming forward to contribute our mite for the relief of the families of those brave ones who had been killed or wounded in this great war. His Highness' call was cheerfully responded to by all his people, and more than Rs. 12,000 were subscribed on the spot."

ONE or two appeals under the Presidency Magistrate's Act have recently been heard on the Appellate Side of the High Court. An appeal under the Act seems to lie to the High Court on its Original Side through the Clerk of the Crown, though by the direction of the Hon'ble the Chief Justice such appeals are disposed of on the Appellate Side for the present.

MR. J. O'KINEALY, Superintendent and Remembrancer of Legal Affairs, Calcutta, has been granted furlough for six months from the 11th October, and Mr. T. T. Allen, Judge of Rajshahai, is appointed; to act for him. Mr. O'Kinealy has also resigned his seat in the Bengal Legislative Council.

A PETITION for the release of Nursey Kesowjee is shortly to be submitted, the *Jawi-Jamshed* hears, to H. E. the Governor by Messrs. Tobin and Roughton, Nursey's solicitors. Of the period of three years imprisonment, to which Nursey was sentenced by Mr. Justice Green, he has completed one year only. For some months past, however, he has been badly from chronic diarrhœa and remittent fever of a strong type, and, according to the paper quoted, Dr. Partridge has given a certificate, on which the petition is to be based.

A STORY has been circulated that the Maharaja of Bhurtpore has been wounded—and, one account says, killed—by a sowar of his cavalry. It is stated that the Maharaja ordered some sowars to jump their horses over a ditch, in attempting which three men fell and were injured. A fourth asserted that his horse was new and young as a reason for declining the jump. The Maharaja "struck and abused him, and the man cut the Maharaja down on the spot." The account was published in the *Dehli Gazette*. The *Indian Herald* says it is not true.

WE publish this morning a very interesting report of a case which for some considerable time has been engaging the attention of the High Court. A Hindoo youth, Oomajee Lingoo, was wedded in early infancy to a Hindoo maiden of the name of Rukmabai, who has left her husband on account of alleged ill-treatment, and has gone back to live with her parents. Their interest of the case is not centred solely in the consideration of whether the girl is to be sent back to her husband or not, but there is also the interesting question of whether the caste regulations, which for three thousand years have governed matrimonial questions amongst two hundred millions of Hindoos, are to be set aside by the action of the High Court. The defendants in the case say that according to the custom of the *Telangu Foolmallee* caste the returning of the bridal ornaments and the cutting off from the neck of the wife of the bridal necklace called the *mungul sootra* constitute an annulment of the marriage. They also affirm that their caste grants to the father the right of breaking off a marriage of an infant child, and that the child must abide by this act. The decision of the High Court on these two points of matrimonial jurisdiction will be looked for with considerable interest.

BY the untimely death of Surgeon-Major J. B. Hannah, A. M. D., the Staff Surgeoncy at Allahabad becomes vacant. It is laid down in General Orders that the appointment, which is in the gift of the General Commanding the Division, should be given to members of the British and Indian Services alternately. As the Staff Surgeoncy has been held for the past seven years by medical officers of the British service—first by Surgeon Major Ashton, then by Dr. Hannah,—a regimental medical officer of the Indian service is now entitled to the appointment.

THE *Bombay Review*:—The Advocate-General must be well aware, by this time, what a dreadful Obstructive he has developed into since the unguarded moment, when, in all the simplicity of an English jurist, he dared to lay his innovating hand on that cherished *peculium* of the Indian Executive—the power to "make rules" to any extent under cover of any Acts passed. Our local Executive has also waked up to the peril to which their privilege was exposed. The Hon. Mr. Ashburner protested on Wednesday—"that the Honorable Member's objections to entrust Government with the power of making rules and regulations for working the details of the Act would deprive H. E. the Governor in Council of a very important prerogative." His colleague was not less determined in defence of the precious acquisition, but more incisive in his criticism—"The Hon. Mr. Ravenscroft said the proposal would completely revolutionise the position of the Legislative Council and of Government, and he had a very strong idea that if carried it would be illegal." The character of a revolutionist is a new one for the cautious Mr. Latham to appear in: so let him beware how far he ventures on the new path. As to illegality it would have been easy for the Advocate-General to point out that a permissive power is not an obligatory duty, and that it is open to privileged authorities to waive a prerogative. Illegality is far more likely to lie in the direction of stretching this "prerogative," as it has been stretched over and over again. Happily the learned legislator seemed to be in no wise abashed by his having fluttered the executives, and coolly took what he could get in the way of limiting a hitherto autocratically exercised function.

THE *Civil and Military Gazette* (Lahore) states that the case of De Bretton v. De Bretton and Holme has been withdrawn on an admission of the principal part of the offence charged, *viz.*, adultery, and a denial of the knowledge of Mrs. De Bretton being a married woman. It appears that the complainant, who is well known in Simla on account of his having eloped a few years ago with his step-daughter, has been separated for some time from Mrs. De Bretton, but hearing lately of an intimacy having sprung up between her and Mr. Holme, Executive Engineer, went to Dehra and set a watch on her house, which resulted in the discovery of an assignation. A fracas took place in which the outraged husband was victorious, and information was laid against Mr. Holme before Mr. Boyce, honorary magistrate, who issued a warrant for Mr. Holme's arrest; he was released on bail of Rs. 500. A preliminary enquiry was held in which ample proof was adduced, a sum of Rs. 1,000 paid and a denial was made of all knowledge that Mrs. De Bretton was a married woman. The pleader for Mrs. De Bretton characterised the co-respondent's defence as low and unmanly.

THE Editor of the *Bombay Guardian* says:—We referred a few weeks ago to the murder of an American missionary in Turkey, supposing him to have been the son of one who was a friend and fellow student of ours, some 33 years ago. We now learn that the party murdered was our friend himself, the Rev. Justus W. Parsons, D.D., who graduated at the Union Theological Seminary in New York in 1848, and went out to Turkey in 1850, as a missionary of the A. B. C. F. M., Dr. Parsons, accompanied by a single helper, was visiting the out-stations of his field, camping under a tree whenever night overtook him. On the night of August 4th he went to sleep near the camp of a roving tribe called Zumlies, half-shepherd, half robbers. Two of these, for the sake of plunder, shot the missionary and his companion while they slept. A daughter of Dr. Parsons is in China, the widow of the Rev. A. Whiting, who lost his life in carrying food to the famine districts of China, as mentioned by us two years ago.

IT is worth while to note that the *Times* correspondent in St. Petersburg, writing about a recent interview between the Chinese ambassador and the Russian emperor, states that English served as the medium of communication between his Majesty and the Marquis Tseng.

TOBACCO cultivation is being tried in Ceylon, and apparently with success. A Colombo paper states:—The new lands at Cottiar near Trincomalie bid fair to produce a very superior quality of tobacco. About three hundredweights of excellent leaf grown from Sumatra seed has been cut and cured there by a gentleman, who has settled in the district from Sumatra where he was most successful. During the rains of November a good extent of land will be planted up with seedlings raised from Sumatra seed. The quality of the cured leaves is said to be unexceptionable, and should the sample about to be consigned home for report and valuation answer the expectations of the growers, the cultivation will be still further extended.

THE gold mining mania has extended to Surat, says a Gujarati paper. A gentleman connected with one of the schemes was recently there, showing some samples of the minerals. He established an agency before leaving.

A DISCOVERY that will cause a great sensation has been made at Cheronea. The Greek Minister of Public Instruction is going shortly to re-erect the Lion of Cheronea. For this purpose the Superintendent of Antiquities, M. Stamatakis, was sent to Cheronea. When he began to clear the ground about the lion he found the bones of those who fell in the memorable battle. The dead are buried in three sections, according to the order in which they fought. Each section is composed of six lines. In the first section have been found seventy-seven dead; that is to say, at the first, second, third, and fourth lines fifteen each, at the fifth nine, and at the sixth eight. In the second section were found forty-one, buried in the same fashion. The excavations continue still. We know that beneath the lion were interred three hundred of the Theban Sacred Band, so that, having now found one hundred and eighteen dead one hundred and eighty-two remain to be discovered. Near the bodies have been found remains of arms, buttons, and some *stteppides*, the well-known bathing scrapers. The dead as soon as found are covered with earth; but it is feared it will be very difficult to preserve them.

REDUCTION of official salaries is proposed in Australia as well as in India. The papers received yesterday state that the programme of the Victorian Parliament includes a large reduction in the cost of the civil service, the saving to be effected by a *pro rata* deduction from the salaries now paid. Ministers are to be paid: The Chief Secretary, £1,800 per annum, instead of £2,000; the Attorney-General, £1,400, instead of £1,500; and the other Ministers £1,200 per annum instead of £1,400. The total saving will be £2,400 per annum. A bill is to be introduced to lower the salary of the next Governor and of any succeeding judges. Salaries in the civil service of over £1,000 per annum are to be reduced 5 per cent., and smaller salaries in proportion. But a Parliament of Members Bills is to be introduced, and the £300 per annum is to suffer no deduction. The scheme has naturally provoked much criticism, and it is suggested that the proper course to take is that previously laid down by Mr. Berry of reorganising the service and weeding it of the useless supernumeraries with whom the offices have been crowded by political patronage. As to the deficit, it is not to be wiped out, but it is to be met by the issue of treasury bills. The creation of an unfunded debt is a novelty.

WEATHER REPORTS.—SEPT. 26.

CARWAR, 5 p. m.—Weather showery; wind W. 4; thermometer 78; barometer 29·920. Rainfall 27 cents.

MANGALORE, 4-45 p. m.—Weather fair; wind, miles 783 W. W.; thermometer 78·80; barometer 29·93 29·908.

VINGORLA, 5 p. m.—Weather clear; wind N. W. moderate; thermometer 79. Rainfall 21 cents.

RAINFALL IN BOMBAY.

	Colaba. In. Cts.	Fort. In. Cts.	Esplanade. In. Cts.	Byculla. In. Cts.
Previously registered.	65 96	71 81	61 38	69 1
Sept. 24 Friday	0 0			
" 25 Saturday	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0
" 26 Sunday		0 63	0 5	0 53
Total	65 96	72 44	61 43	69 54
Total fall, Sept. 26, 1879	58 91	67 42		70 25

NOTE.—The return from the Fort and Byculla are made up to 6 p. m. and Esplanade up to 6 a. m. each day. The return from Colaba is up to midnight.

No rainfall registered last year; registration commenced this year from June 23.

SIMLA, September 21st.—The barometer continues to rise in the Punjab and Rajputana, and the rise has extended to the upper part of the North-Western Provinces, the Central Provinces, Bombay, and Madras. Westerly winds have set in all over Southern India, while in Lower Bengal they are from north. But little rain reported from any part of India, except the Arakan Coast and Northern Bengal, where Chittagong, Diamond Island, and Julpigoree report upwards of an inch. Goa, Vizagaptam, and Cochin have between 1 and 2 tenths only; but reports received late give Umballa ½ inch, on the 18th; Mussoorie 1 inch on the 20th; and apparently Sholapur 81 inches on the same day; but this last is doubtful, there being an evident error in the telegram.—HENRY F. BLANFORD, Meteorological Reporter to Govt. of India.

AFGHANISTAN.

THE 66TH AT MAIWAND.

THE following extract from a letter received at Kurrachee from one of the soldiers who fought at and escaped from the Khush-i-Nakhud battle may prove interesting:—"The ground on which we stood was a complete flat surface like a table, without even a blade of grass to afford shade or shelter. All around us the Afghans literally swarmed, and their bullets fell among us like leaden hail, varied with round shot and shell. It seems to me to be quite a miracle that any of us escaped. We were at it fighting from about ten in the morning to five in the evening, and it was not till then that our last stand was overcome, and the poor fellows who—"tho' few and faint stood fearless still"—had to give way before overpowering odds. Nothing could exceed the gallantry and devotion with which the noble 66th fought. I was close behind them, and can only remember with feelings of admiration the stern and determined courage and undaunted countenances with which they faced the yelling horde that was ever freshly pouring on to them, and the patience with which they bore the ever lasting rain of death that poured upon them from afar off. I did not see a single face turned away towards Kandahar till every hope had fled, and the blood-thirsty demons came rolling irresistibly upon us from all sides, crushing us by the sheer weight of numbers which no killing seemed to diminish. If I say that they were upon us in this final rush as fully thirty to one. I am convinced I am speaking far within bounds. What could any amount of killing do here; when mass rolled on mass, and wave on wave, of heedless reckless fiends thirsting only for blood, and careless of the death that should send them to Heaven? Fortunately night was close upon us, and under the friendly cover of its fast falling shades many of us escaped whom another hour of daylight must have numbered with the victims. The victory was not, however, bloodless on the part of our assailants. As they fought with fiendish savagery—giving no quarter—so we, so far as human powers went, gave them blow for blow, and left goodly heaps to tell the tale. Of course no mercy was shewn to those of us who failed to get away. All were cruelly slaughtered—wounded or not made no difference. I was one of those who succeeded—I scarce know how—in getting away from this dire last death struggle. I travelled for hours what appeared to me to be a boundless desert constantly pursued by men of Ayub's cavalry whom however I somehow managed to evade in the darkness. Had they come on me I was utterly defenceless, as I had lost every thing, even my revolver and sword. Somehow I contrived to reach the gates of Kandahar in a dying state, and was carried into the citadel. I had not had a drop of water to moisten my parched throat and lips from the previous morning, and had managed to wander—how, Heaven along knows—a distance of some sixty miles. The 63th lost about 300 men and officers, poor (Sergeant-Major) Cuppage among the number, and I believe about 300 of the followers were "cut up."

The following list of Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers and privates, of the 66th Regiment (married men), killed at Maiwand, is taken from a letter sent to Kurrachee by a surviving Non-Commissioned Officer:—

Colonel Galbraith.	Sergeant Fitzgerald.
Captain Cullen.	" Walker.
" Roberts.	" Cruize.
" McMath.	" Rise.
" Garratt.	" Morecroff.
Lieutenant Barr.	Colour Sergt. Apthorpe.
" Oliver.	" " Bain.
" Honeywood.	" " Gover.
" Rayner.	Corporal Connolly.
" Cutts.	" Mahony.
Serjeant Major Cuppage.	" Ayling.
Armoury Sergt. Culley.	Private Ward.
Sergeant Hanks.	" Barrett.
" Scalding.	" Goddard.
" Davis.	" Davis.
" Symonds.	" Fahey.

Total killed on the 27th July of all ranks 286.

THE MAIWAND DISASTER.

THE *Bombay Catholic Examiner* publishes another letter from a trumpeter of the 3rd Bombay Light Cavalry which gives an interesting account of some of the incidents of the battle:—

I will give you some narrative of our terrible and desperate battle at Maiwand. On the 26th July patrols were sent out from Kushk-i-Nakhud as usual, all round the camp in different directions, and one direction was on to Maiwand too, whither the 3rd Cavalry patrol of 50 sabres, under a Native Officer, was sent to gather some news of the enemy. The patrol after all possible enquiries and searching at that village returned safe, and reported to the General that the villages were all well and calm, and that not a sign of the enemy was to be seen there, and on this very report the Generals were of sure opinion that the enemy were not so close as we came to know afterwards. For on account of the Ghazis that mutinied at Girishk, who were spread all over the country and were seen often by our patrols, all were of that opinion, and no one had a thought of Ayub Khan's being hidden so near. So we were ordered the next morning to march for Maiwand and encamp there, believing to be in a better position there than at Kuskh-i-Nakhud. When morning approached we were all ready for the march, formed up in front facing the North-East in column of battle, baggage in rear, and sufficient scouts thrown out all round at a mile distance. While marching many of Ayub's scouts were seen; but not knowing who they were, whether the Ghazies' or the enemy's scouts we kept on marching, only firing some guns to keep them further back. I think Shere Ali the Wali said, that these were three or four hundred Ghazis only, and not Ayub Khan's men; so that if we would only fire a few guns, they would all bolt. For this reason, I think, our force began firing to the right and left, and, after all, when we were about two miles from Maiwand, we saw a numberless force to the front, facing towards us, well posted for battle at the edge of a river, and we were halted on a nice little plain ground, rather higher and good to be beaten on, at the distance of a mile from them.

Our Generals were making hundobust to draw back our force to a better position, and for the enemy to come over to us and then to have a good battle. But while they were consulting together, one of the Artillery officers fired three guns towards the enemy, and immediately they answered our guns, the balls whistling over our heads and falling far back amongst the baggage, terrifying even the hardest heart. In this way the battle began, at about 10 A. M., 27th July, and we could not retire and take better position, but we were obliged to stand fast at our place of insecurity. First, the guns were in action throughout five hours, during which time the whole of their force surrounded us, they numbering about 40,000, and we about only 2,000 present at the battle. Our men on seeing the numerous force were gobrified, but still it was great bravery in us to oppose them so long, and when the ammunition of our guns was done up, the enemy charged over our two left guns and captured them. After our guns had been captured we had a terrible massacre and slaughter, fighting hand to hand, challenging each other for a good hour and a half, after which we were obliged to retire gradually in echelon keeping the enemy back. On our retiring the villages rebelled and the villagers killed many of our followers who had no arms, and so with great difficulty we entered Kandahar the following day had a good strong fight in which we lost 80 fighting men, 5 European Officers and one General, Brooke. At Maiwand and Maiwand we lost 1,100 fighting men, 21 European Officers, about 800 followers and 200 horses. Our Regiment (3rd Light Cavalry) lost 32 fighting men, about 50 followers, and 70 horses, but I must boast that our Regiment has gained a good name in the battles, praised and famed by all Bombay arms, Europeans and Natives, mounted and dismounted, especially by the 66th Regiment and 1st Grenadiers Regiment.

I am one of the lucky dressers and hard fights both my brother and myself are quite well, and by the grace of the Almighty safe and sound. We who were at Kushk-i-Nakhud lost all our baggage, treasury, money and all kit and Ayub Khan's force numbered every least thing, so that we are left quite bare, except what we had on our body during the battle.

I may now tell you what befell me during the battle. As I was Orderly Trumpeter of the General Commanding the force and of the Officer commanding the 3rd Light Cavalry, I had indeed very much to do during the fight. I had to take messages from one place to another, and while standing behind the 3rd several men were blown away by the enemy's guns, even a Brigade Major and Quarter Master General right and left of me were blown away and I was saved. We were ten persons with the Commanding Officer, and of us only two were saved, the Commanding Officer and myself; the rest were blown up. At one time, as I was standing behind a gun, my brother came to see me. I said: Well, what do you want? Nothing, I came to see you. Just as he uttered those words a bullet washed off my right moustache, without any injury to my mouth. The next came just after the first, hitting my horse's headstall and the horse was saved. Again, a minute after, another bullet tore the skin off my horse's back injuring him a little, and a fourth hit the horse's knee and thigh, on account of which my horse remained a month on sick list. Oh! it is God alone who has saved us from such a terrible danger.

OFFICERS AT MAIWAND.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—I have seen a telegram published in your paper, amongst others, in which my name was mentioned as having reached Kandahar safely from Khushk-i-Nakhud before 11 a. m. on the 20th July.

I beg to state that this is quite untrue. I was in command of the rear guard on that occasion and was the last officer to reach Kokeran, where we were met by General Brooke, and I did not arrive at Kandahar till 3 p. m.

I beg that you will be good enough to insert this, as I have seen several unfounded and untrue statements about mounted officers galloping to the rear and leaving their dismounted comrades to look after themselves.—Yours, &c.

J. M. COGNEGAN, Lieut.,
3rd Bombay Light Cavalry.

Abdul Rahman, Sept. 10.

"I COMPLIMENT you for your *Syrup of Hypophosphite of Lime*. I employ it daily amongst delicate children who are attacked *with diseases of the lungs and liver*. It suits in every other preparation of the day."—J. H. LACK, Medical Doctor, Lake Kellambete, Zerang, Victoria."

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Temple Bar, Concert 9 p. m.
Gaiety Theatre, Hudson's Surprise Party, 9 p. m.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived on the 25th inst.:—ARROW (s), from Bhownugur; Calcutta (s), Bussorah: Yesterday:—Nyanza (s), from Zanzibar; Poonah (s), Calcutta; Wingfred and Marlborough, Mauritius.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed on the 25th inst:—Puttialla (s) and I. G. Dalhousie (s), to Kurrachee; Prince Lucien and Farnput, Calcutta; Verona (s), Venice; Geelong (s), Jeddah.

CONCERT AT THE TEMPLE BAR.—Programme of music to be played at the Temple Bar this evening at 9 p. m.:—

March	The Slashers ..... Schmuck.
Overture	Siovanni de Arco .. Verdy.
Am Neckar, am Rhein.	..... Abt.
Waltz	Blaettlein in Winde. Faust.
Pospouri	..... Lumbge.
Quadrille	Bon Jour ..... Zikof.
Last Rose	..... Stevenson.
Waltz	Wein, Weib-u Yesang. Strauss.
Arie	Attilla ..... Verdy.
Galop	Stromschnellen ..... Sommer.

GUZERAT COLLEGE.—About thirty-eight boys are going up for the previous examination from this college, which opened last year with only seven.

THE VEHAR LAKE.—The height of water in the Vehar Lake for the week ending Saturday, 18th inst., was 57 feet and 2 tenths; in the corresponding week last year it was 58 feet and 8 tenths. The total rain-fall up to date was 69 inches 12 cents; in the corresponding week last year it was 74 inches, 66 cents.

ALLEGED THEFT.—Gubbai, woman, residing at Lawrence De Lima Street, Mazagon, reported to the police on Friday last of the theft of sundry gold ornaments and cash of the collective value of Rs. 353 from her promises. Enquires are being made by the police.

WE understand Mr. Pestonjee Jehangir, chairman of the Local Military Relief Fund Committee at Baroda, has forwarded to the Bank of Bombay the sum of Rs. 20,500, being the first instalment of the money subscribed in Baroda in aid of the Bombay Military Relief Fund.

CRUELTY TO ANIMALS.—The following is a summary of cases prosecuted by the agents of the S. P. C. A. during the week ending the 25th instant, Horses, 4 lame, 1 broken knee; bullocks, 14 lames, 17 sore necks, and 10 emaciated. Total number of cases, 46. Amount of fines, Rs. 88.

ASSAULT.—Bhickan Fathan and another were on Saturday last each fined Rs. 20 or in default one week's rigorous imprisonment each, by Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee, for assaulting Sheik Boodeen Ahmed at his house at Byculla. Rs. 5 of the fine, if recovered, was awarded to complainant as compensation.

A BOTANICAL CURIOSITY HAS CROPPED UP AT SURAT.—A correspondent of a vernacular paper reports that one of the *limra* trees planted by Mr. Hope yields toddy of a slightly bitter taste. The juice has been forwarded to the authorities for examination. The people, we are told, flock to see the curious tree.

ACCIDENT.—A Hindoo woman, named Ruthee, residing on the 1st storey of a house at Chinch Bunder, on Friday last while standing at a window, was attacked with an epileptic fit and fell out of the window on to the sweepers gully. She received serious injuries to her head and a fracture of the leg. She was removed to the J. J. Hospital by the police, but her friends declined to allow her to remain there.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—A Coroner's inquest was held on Saturday last at Khandia Street on view of the body of Shaik Currim Shaik Chatoo. Deceased was an oilman employed at the Khuttow Muckonjee's Spinning and Weaving Mills at Byculla, who died from the effects of injuries he sustained about six weeks ago by his right arm having been accidentally caught in the machinery whilst in motion. A verdict of accidental death was recorded accordingly.

BROACHING SHIP'S CARGO.—S. Morgan and seven other seamen of the British ship Ambrose were charged before Mr. C. P. Cooper on Saturday last with broaching the cargo of that ship and also refusing to do duty on board that vessel. The evidence for the prosecution was that the first prisoner had broken open two cases of brandy and treated the others with the liquor, who became drunk and refused to do duty. As there was no evidence against the other prisoners of having participated with the first prisoner in the broaching of the cargo, and offering to return to their duty if sent back on board, they were discharged, but the first prisoner Morgan was convicted and sentenced to four weeks' rigorous imprisonment.

NEW B

the plaintiff's father. The plaintiff's father, although sent for, did not come. The second defendant was present, and showed to the persons present at the meeting the marks of beating which were plainly visible on the person of defendant Ruckmabai. A meeting of the caste was held on the 12th day of January, 1880, after being duly convened and full notice given, and at this meeting the plaintiff's father and second and third defendants were present. The plaintiff's father, who was very angry at the defendant Ruckmabai having appeared before the private meeting of the 5th December, 1879, solemnly declared that he would not again receive the defendant Ruckmabai back into his house, and that if he did so, he would consider he had committed adultery with his own daughter. At the meeting Ruckmabai informed the members of the caste then present of the violence which had been offered to her person as mentioned, and that she had not attained puberty. At the meeting, there being no hope of any reconciliation being effected, it was, on the suggestion of the plaintiff's father, proposed by the caste that the marriage between the plaintiff and defendant should be annulled, and that each of them should be at liberty to marry again. Both the second defendant and the plaintiff's father agreed to this suggestion, and thereupon the writing mentioned in the plaint was prepared and signed by the second defendant and the plaintiff's father. The second defendant also returned to the plaintiff's father all the ornaments given to the defendant Ruckmabai by him on her marriage, and the marriage necklace called the *mungal sootra* was thereupon cut off from the defendant Ruckmabai and broken. According to the custom of the caste, the return of ornaments and the cutting off of the *mungal sootra* are effectual in annulling a marriage, and in such cases, it is not absolutely necessary to have any writing. In this instance, however, a writing was given as aforementioned. According to the custom of the caste, the right of contracting or breaking off a marriage of their children rests with the father or other senior member of the family, and their acts are binding on their children. It is also customary, if a husband or wife disagree, that complaint is made to the caste, and with the consent of the caste releases are given to husband and wife and either are permitted to marry again. The plaintiff, after the said caste meeting of 12th January, 1880, knew quite well that the defendant Ruckmabai was no longer his wife, and he accordingly on 20th February, 1880, married another woman, which (if the defendant Ruckmabai had still been his wife) he could not have done without obtaining permission from the caste, which permission is not given unless the previous wife consent, and guarantee is given for the maintenance of the previous wife. The defendant [illegible] on the re-marriage of the plaintiff is no defence to this suit. The defendant Ruckmabai is not the wife of the plaintiff, and without waiving that defence, the second and third defendants contend that the cruelty and ill-treatment of her by the plaintiff is a bar to the plaintiff's suit. The following issues are raised: 1. As to the jurisdiction of the court. 2. Whether defendant had attained puberty. 3. Whether the accusation regarding ill-treatment is correct. 4. Whether the statement that defendant Ruckmabai left plaintiff on account of not being able to bear his cruelty is correct.—5. Whether the defendant's statement regarding return of the ornaments are correct.—6. As to the *mungal sootra* being broken. 7. Whether the returning the ornaments and breaking the *mungal sootra* had the effect according to the caste of dissolving the marriage. 8. Whether the writing mentioned in the plaint is binding on plaintiff. 9. Whether the plaintiff has by his acts acquiesced in and ratified the provisions of the writing of 12th January. 10. Whether, according to the custom of the caste, the father has the right of breaking off the marriage of an infant child of his own on behalf of the child, and whether such act of the father is binding on the child. 11. The Advocate-General admits the re-marriage of plaintiff prior to filing of the suit. Whether making the said marriage without making a suitable provision for Ruckmabai and with her consent is a bar to this suit. 12. Whether plaintiff and defendant did live together as man and wife. 13. Whether second and third defendants or either of them are guilty of removing first defendant from plaintiff's house and detaining her as mentioned in the plaint. 14. Whether, at the date of filing of this suit there was a valid and subsisting marriage between plaintiff and defendant Ruckmabai. 15. 1. Whether the customs alleged by the defendant in the seventh issue are good in law. 16. 2. Similar issue as to custom raised in tenth issue. 17. 3. Whether plaintiff is entitled to the relief mentioned in the plaint or to any part thereof.

The case will be proceeded with on Monday.

BENGAL.

THE IRISH FAMINE RELIEF FUND.—It is proposed that a meeting of the general committee of the Irish Famine Relief Fund should be held on an early date with a view to bringing the Fund to a close. The total subscriptions received by the Committee amount to Rs. 102,2340. 48,0000, representing Rs. 95,233-14-4, have been remitted to Ireland, and, after settling advertising and petty charges, there is a balance to be dealt with of Rs. 5,081.—*Englishman.*

THE BENGAL CROPS.—With but few exceptions the rainfall throughout Bengal during the week ended the 18th September was lighter than usual at this season of the year, and there were signs of the approaching end of the rains. Complaints of want of rain for the late rice crop appear from the greater part of the Rajshahi division, as well as parts of Patna and Bhagalpur. The account of Palamow is bad, as the rice crop has been nearly destroyed for want of rain, and the bhadoi is suffering.

OFF TO THE HILLS.—A salute which was fired on Monday evening announced the departure from the Presidency for Darjeeling, of Sir Ashley Eden. There was the usual display of red cloth, and a fair attendance of officials of the province, and the leading members of the European and native non-official classes. Punctually at 5 p.m., the special train left the Sealdah Station. The following officers accompanied His Honor to the Hills:—Mr. F Prestage, Agent, E. B. R., Mr. Henry, Private Secretary, Captain Bewicke, A.D.C., Mr. H. Cockerall, Secretary, and Col. F. S. Stanton, R.E.—*Indian Daily News.*

JUDGES DISGUISING THEIR IDENTITY.—The *Statesman* pretends to be very indignant at the conduct of two Calcutta judges in travelling under assumed names. Our contemporary says:—It is openly alleged that two Judges of the High Court left Calcutta a week ago under assumed names. It is true that the list of passengers by the s.s. Poona, which left Garden Reach on the 14th, contained the names of a Mr. Charles as a passenger for Madras, and the name of a Mr. Frazer as the the only passenger for Port Said. It is alleged that these names were fictitious and that the first-mentioned really represented the Hon'ble Charles Pontifex, one of the honourable Judges of her Majesty's High Court of Judicature of Fort William in Bengal, starting on his vacation ramble to the Nilgiris, and that the second name was a *nom-de-voyage* adopted by his colleague Mr. W. Frazer Macdonell, who certainly did start by that steamer as a passenger for Port Said. We do not pretend to fathom the object which induced these honourable Judges to disguise their identity in such an equivocal manner. Possibly it was merely a piece of schoolboy frolic, or the motive may have been one of those huge wagers of which we have recently heard whispers, or possibly these gentlemen, overwhelmed, as Mr. Caird has told us all Indian officials are, with a transcendant sense of their own dignity and importance, may have imagined they could lay legitimate claim to the privilege of travelling *incog.*, hitherto reserved exclusively for royal personages. If any of these reasons induced such disguise, we think that gentleman occupying the position of Messrs. Pontifex and Macdonell, should have publicly stated their intention of using such disguise previously to their embarkation upon such a" shady cruise."

MADRAS.

BALL IN HONOUR OF THE LADIES GRENVILLE.—It was unanimously decided at the public meeting, under the presidency of the Hon'ble Sir Charles Turner, in the Strangers' Room of the Club, on Wednesday evening last, to beg the Ladies Grenville to honour Madras society by accepting an invitation to a ball at the Senate House, shortly before their departure from Madras. A Committee, of which H. E. Sir Neville Chamberlain is the President, was elected to carry out the resolution of the meeting.

THE MAHARAJA OF TRAVANCORE AND CHRISTIAN MISSIONARIES.—In reply to an address presented by the Missionaries of the London Missionary Society the Maharaja of Travancore said:—"It has sincerely gratified me to meet you and to receive this address of sympathy on the demise of my lamented brother and illustrious Royal predecessor, and of good wishes to myself. Proceeding as they do from men who have long dwelt in this land and studied its wants and its advantages, who stand on a vantage ground rising above the strata of fears and favours, and whose mission is to preach the principles of peace, universal love, charity and righteousness, I very highly prize them, and feel deeply grateful. With a most susceptible heart, with a most kindly disposition, with an excellent judgment, and with the aid of able and wise counsels, his late Highness had such a highly fortunate combination of advantages that, eminently bright and beneficial as his reign was, it is still no matter of wonder. Coming down to myself, while I do as distinctly recognise the hand of God as any of you in the great change which has so suddenly taken place, I cannot conceal from myself that the mantle has fallen on unworthy shoulders. Nevertheless, I can promise my utmost and conscientious devotion to the solemn duties which have devolved upon me. In the discharge of those duties, next to the wisdom and power which I eminently need from God, I shall prize the moral support of gentlemen like you, who are the links of civilization, enlightened progress, and moral regeneration between the West and the East. Again I thank you most heartily for all the sincerely kind wishes you have expressed towards myself."

N. W. PROVINCES, PUNJAUB AND OUDH.

FLOODS.—The *Pioneer* hears that the Ramgunga came down with a sudden flush on the 20th, causing much damage to the villages in the Bareilly and adjacent districts, and breaching the Oudh and Rohilkund Railway. The road between Bareilly and Naini Tal also has suffered, the bridge over the Kitcha having given way. Much of the railway line between Chandausi and Moradabad is said to be under water. The telegraph wire to Naini Tal is still interrupted beyond Bareilly.

A WIFE STEALER.—Allahabad has lately furnished a tale of domestic infelicity, in which a young married woman, mother of two children, has eloped with a man named Wallis, attached to the Government Press at Simla. Wallis, it would seem, was the head reader of the Government Press at Simla, and the man whose wife eloped with him was also a reader in the same Department, subordinate to Wallis. The intimacy between Wallis and the woman was favoured by the circumstance that he and his assistant lived in the same house. With a view to carrying out his nefarious designs, Wallis, under the pretence of being sympathisingly benevolent, used almost daily to hook the husband for morning and evening overtime. Suspicions having somehow been aroused in the mind of the husband, he resigned his appointment at Simla and came down to Allahabad with his family. Here he soon succeeded in getting work, but returning home from duty a few days ago he found from unmistakeable traces that his wife had left the station for Simla, *chaperoned* by Wallis' sycc who had been sent down to Allahabad with funds for her travelling expenses. Unable from official consideration to follow his prodigal wife, the husband communicated the facts of the case to Mr. Chapman, of the Financial Department at Simla, who has the immediate control of the Press there. Wallis was instantly dismissed, and has as quickly disappeared from Simla. He is now wanted not only by the *ex-t* assistant reader, but also by an engine-driver here, whose cheerful hearth he had rendered desolate some years ago by eloping with his wife.—*Indian Herald.*

THE NAINI TAL DISASTER.

A CORRESPONDENT, writing from Naina Tal on Monday, to the *Pioneer* says:—"Captain Haywood has turned up, having been benighted and staying in some out-houses all night. Colonel Taylor, R. E., is amongst the missing. The bodies of Messrs. Bell and Moss were buried this morning, and Masters Gray and Knight. No others have been found, but I think Mrs. Morphy's body will be found. Fairlight Hall is down the *jala kothi* of jampanis, also Alma Cottage at the gorge, and the front verandah of old Government House, which must come down. Several other houses are cracked and unsafe; but the worst is over, as the rain ceased last evening at 6 p.m., after continuing from 2 p. m. on Thursday without intermission. The Straights, Wrights, (Cawnpore), Mrs. Porter, Mrs. Hannah, Mrs. Campbell, Oakes, Mrs. Francis and mother, the Harris family, and other residents of the Victoria Hotel are safe. Sergeant-Major Rogers of the Depot and Sergeant McEwan, Instructor of Volunteers, are dead. With one exception, not a single member of the Municipality was present before or after the disaster. Poor Leonard Taylor, C.S., the Assistant Commissioner, and his overseers and kotwal and peon and police were buried, and no one took charge until Government put in Mr. E. White, C.S., who is now working manfully, organising everything."

BURMAH.

CHARGES AGAINST A GOVERNMNT PLEADER.

THE Rangoon correspondent of the *Statesman* telegraphed on the 21st September,—The woman Magyee, now a prisoner in the Rangoon jail, under sentence of transportation for life, petitioned the Judicial Commissioner yesterday, alleging that Ram Chunder Dey of the Akyab bar made out a fraudulent and false bill of costs against her, that he fraudulently persuaded her to sell her house worth Rs. 5,000, for Rs. 2,600 only, and whilst she was under duress, making her sign a general power-of-attorney representing the same to be an ordinary advocate's power-of-attorney. The declaration was made before the Superintendent of the Rangoon Jail accompanied by the petition, together with the accounts submitted to her. The Judicial Commissioner has ordered that the petition be sent to the Sessions Judge at Arakan for enquiry, and to pass such orders as may seem proper, observing that the allegations of having fraudulently obtained a power-of-attorney from the petitioner and making a dishonest use of the same would, perhaps, if the petitioner could substantiate them, have been better made in a Criminal Court; but taking the situation of the petitioner into consideration, and the large sums charged in her attorney's bill, an enquiry would be directed. Messrs. Dawson and Son have been retained by the petitioner Magyee.

THE ENGLISH MAIL SERVICE.

(Indian Daily News.)

A CHANGE is being attempted to improve the mail communications, with especial reference to the dissatisfaction expressed by Bombay, the merchants of which city object to the departure of the mail from their city on Saturday evening. At present the mail arrives in Bombay from Colcutta and Upper India at 10-15 a.m., and from Madras at 11-15 a.m., but for some unaccountable reason connected with the steamer service, the mail does not close till night. Owing to this the offices are open all day on Saturday, and the usual weekly half holiday is irretrievably lost. The Government have taken the matter in hand, and as usual are about to apply a measure of relief to the most tentative kind. The mail trains from Madras and Calcutta are to be accelerated one and two hours, respectively, and a little more will be gained by the trains leaving these two cities an hour or two earlier. The mail will then be timed to reach Bombay at 8 a.m., and the steamer will start about noon, thus enabling all merchants to close their offices at noon, if so disposed. It never seems to have occurred to the Government that a little diplomacy might result in inducing the P. and O. Company to drive their vessels a little faster. We are not exaggerating, but insist on the absolute correctness of our statement, that these vessels now only travel at the rate of ordinary goods' steamers. Since the present contract commenced on 1st February last, we have carefully noted the arrivals and departures of, each steamer, and the result has been rather disappointing. We have accepted the schedule hour for leaving Brindisi as correct, not having any means of ascertaining the actual time, this will make no appreciable difference as, prior to that, the mails have been carried by train, and doubtless schedule time kept. The list of trips includes all leaving London from 1st February till 31st August, and consists of 30 trips altogether. The fastest run between Aden and Bombay was made by the Ravenna, which brought the mails of 28th May, and was at the rate of 12·980 miles per hour; the slowest having been by the steamer Ancona with the mails of 14th May, which vessel attained a speed of 10·906 between these two ports. The average speed of vessels between Aden and Bombay was 11·623 miles per hour. Now we look at the total steamer run from Brindisi to Bombay, and here the smartest run was made by the Ravenna with the mails of 28th May, when she did the whole run at the rate of 12·140 miles per hour, the slowest having been run by the Peru with the mails of the 23rd July, at the rate of 9·148 miles per hour. The average of these runs from Brindisi to Bombay having been 10·637 miles per hour. If those in charge of postal affairs consider this a proper rate of speed, we do not. The Cunard Company are at present building two or three steamers which are to average not less than 15 to 16 miles an hour. The Inman Company are building the City of Rome, which is guaranteed to attain 18 knots, or close on 21 miles per hour, and the Orient Company Steamers have for some time been attaining close on to an average of 15 miles an hour. We seem to think 10½ as something to be proud about. We annex the list referred to, and beg to draw the attention of Chambers of Commerce to it:—

MAILS FROM UNITED KINGDOM.

Mail left London.	Left Brindisi. Date.	Hours.	Left Aden. Date.	Hours.	Arrived Bombay. Date.	Hours.
1880.						
Feb. 6	Feb. 9	4	Feb. 18	10	March 2	10
,, 13	,, 16	4	,, 26	3	,, 3	12
,, 21	,, 23	4	March 5	24	,, 10	11
,, 27	March 1	4	,, 12	15	,, 18	5
March 5	,, 8	4	,, 17	20	,, 23	23
,, 12	,, 15	4	,, 24	8	,, 30	12
,, 19	,, 22	4	,, 31	5	April 6	6
,, 21	,, 29	4	April 8	6	,, 14	9
April 2	April 5	4	,, 11	6	,, 20	2
,, 9	,, 12	4	,, 21	19	,, 28	5
,, 16	,, 19	4	,, 28	7	May 4	11
,, 30	,, 26	4	May 5	13	,, 11	18
May 7	May 3	4	,, 11	24	,, 18	2
,, 14	,, 10	4	,, 19	15	,, 25	19
,, 21	,, 17	4	,, 26	21	,, 31	16
,, 28	,, 24	4	June 1	21	June 7	21
June 4	,, 31	4	,, 8	12	,, 13	21
,, 11	June 7	4	,, 15	23	,, 21	5
,, 18	,, 14	4	,, 22	17	,, 28	10
,, 25	,, 21	4	July 2	12	July 8	5
July 2	,, 28	4	,, 9	6	,, 15	8
,, 9	July 5	4	,, 16	7	,, 25	9
,, 16	,, 12	4	,, 20	19	,, 26	11
,, 23	,, 19	4	,, 28	8	August 1	10
,, 30	,, 26	4	August 3	6	,, 11	22
August 6	August 2	4	,, 11	9	,, 17	13
,, 13	,, 9	4	,, 18	8	,, 24	21
,, 20	,, 16	4	,, 25	9	,, 30	20
,, 27	,, 23	4	,, 31	4	Sept. 6	8
	,, 30	4	Sept. 8	1	,, 13	21
	1661 Miles, ADEN to BOMBAY.		2897 Miles. BRINDISI to BOMBAY.			
Mail left London.	Hours.	Miles per hour.	Hours.	Miles per hour.	STEAMER.	
1880.						
Feb. 6	114	11·553	283	10·175	Nepaul.	
,, 13	153	10·876	392	9·941	Sumatra.	
,, 21	145	11·476	384	10·148	Kashgar.	
,, 27	121	12·116	310	9·838	Zambesi.	
March 5	118	11·320	379	10·282	Teheran.	
,, 12	118	11·243	368	10·369	Surat.	
,, 19	117	11·476	362	10·745	Peshwar.	
,, 26	117	11·320	389	10·018	Khiva.	
April 2	110	11·886	358	10·885	Verona.	
,, 9	153	10·732	396	10·196	Venetia.	
,, 16	118	11·243	357	10·618	Mongolia.	
,, 23	118	11·243	375	10·379	Sumatra.	
,, 30	116	11·397	358	10·885	Mirzapore.	
May 7	118	11·243	375	10·392	Zambesi.	
,, 14	163	10·906	348	11·048	Ancona.	
,, 21	141	11·801	353	11·000	Teheran.	
,, 28	129	12·899	321	12·140	Ravenna.	
June 4	138	12·058	350	11·431	Surat.	
,, 11	137	12·146	347	11·506	Pekin.	
,, 18	137	12·146	409	9·536	Venetia.	
,, 25	130	12·800	357	10·916	Rohilla.	
July 2	146	11·397	341	11·428	Sumatra.	
,, 9	136	12·235	343	11·361	Khiva.	
,, 16	137	12·146	357	10·916	Lombardy	
,, 23	153	10·745	426	9·148	Pera.	
,, 30	118	11·243	393	9·917	Zambesi.	
August 6	141	11·801	361	10·793	Nizam.	
,, 13	131	12·702	352	11·071	Teheran.	
,, 20	118	11·243	340	11·162	Indus.	
,, 27	110	11·886	333	11·040	Kashgar.	
AVERAGES	143	11·623	367	10·637		

CINCHONA.

FOR SALE, an ESTATE in OOTACAMUND of 35 acres, partly planted in 1877-78-79, with TEA CINCHONA and GUMS. Price, Rs. 12,000. Seed estimated to give 15 lacs of "CINCHONA CONDAMINEE" plants was sown this season in the nurseries and has germinated freely. Address

"CINCHONA," The Library, Ootacamund.

NEW BERAR COMPANY, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a DIVIDEND of Rs. 40, (forty) per share being at the rate of eight per cent. per annum will be PAID on and after the 20th instant to the SHAREHOLDERS of the Company whose names stood on the Register on the 16th instant, on production of the share certificate.

GADDUM & Co.,
Secretaries and Treasurers.

MOFUSSIL COMPANY, Limited.

NOTICE is HEREBY given that a DIVIDEND at the rate of Rupees FIFTEEN per SHARE will be payable on and after MONDAY the 27th September, 1880, at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 6, Hummum Street, to the SHAREHOLDERS whose names STOOD on the REGISTER on the 22nd September, 1880, on production of their SHARE CERTIFICATES.

By order of the Directors.

ARTHUR HUSON, Chief Agent.

Bombay, 23rd September, 1880.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

SIGNOR J. MANOLESCU begs to inform his patrons and the public that he has REMOVED to larger PREMISES, opposite to his recent shop in Meadow Street, which has been fitted up with every convenience to suit a large and rapidly increasing trade. Ladies and Gentlemen frequenting this establishment will find the attention given to every branch of the business by the proprietor will leave nothing to be desired.

Wigs and every kind of Hair ready made or made to order. Ladies own hair made up in the latest fashion.

THE ROMAN HAIR CUTTING SALOON.
No. 42, Meadow's Street,
Shop open daily from 7 a. m. to 8 p. m.

BANKS.

COMPTOIR D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

HEAD OFFICE—PARIS.

SUBSCRIBED and PAID-UP CAPITAL £3,200,000
RESERVE FUND £800,000

LONDON BANKERS:
BANK OF ENGLAND,
UNION BANK OF LONDON.
Messrs. C. J. HAMBRO & SON.
LONDON OFFICE—52, THREADNEEDLE STREET, E.C.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, but no interest allowed.
DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for fixed periods at rates to be obtained on application. No deposits received for less than thirty days.
LETTERS OF CREDIT payable at any of the chief commercial towns and cities of the world.
DIVIDENDS, &c., on Government Paper and other stocks received for customers without charge, if remitted home through the Bank.

F. VOUILLON, Acting Manager.

1, Rampart Row, W.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID UP CAPITAL ..... Dollars 5,000,000
RESERVE FUND ..... Dollars 1,000,000

HEAD OFFICE—HONGKONG.

BOMBAY AGENCY.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened and Interest allowed: Fixed Deposits received on the following terms, viz.:—
Subject to 12 months' notice of withdrawal.
Interest at 5 per cent. per annum.
6 do. do. do. 4 do. do.
For shorter periods special arrangements can be made on terms to be ascertained on application.
All letters to be addressed and remittances made payable to the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation.

G. E. NOBLE, Agent.

THE AGRA BANK (LIMITED).

CAPITAL—£1,000,000.
RESERVE FUND—£175,000.

BOMBAY BRANCH.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, and Interest allowed when the Credit Balance does not fall below Rs. 1,000.
DEPOSITS received available at any time, for Remittance to England in the Bank's Bills and Interest allowed thereon at the rate of 1 per cent, per annum.
DEPOSITS are also received for fixed periods on terms which may be learnt on application.
DRAFTS granted at the exchange the of day on London, Scotland, Ireland, and the Bank's Agencies in the East.
CIRCULAR NOTES issued, negotiable in the principal places in Europe.
GOVERNMENT and other STOCKS, and SHARES bought and sold, and the safe custody of the same undertaken.
INTEREST, PAY and PENSIONS collected; and every other description of Banking Business and Money Agency transacted.
All Remittances should be made payable to the Agra Bank, Limited.

HOTELS.

REMOVAL.

ENGLISH HOTEL,
HORNBY ROW.

COMFORTABLE MONSOON RESIDENCE ON VERY MODERATE TERMS.

Our NEW PREMISES have a delightful frontage, overlooking the Esplande and freely open to the sea-breeze. All the Rooms are airy, commodious, and comfortable, and to each a Bathroom is attached with Shower Pipe. This Hotel is in a central position, all the Public Offices, the two Railway Stations, and the Apollo Bunder being within a few minutes' walk. An excellent and liberal table.
Private arrangements will also be entered into.
Breakfast, Tiffin, Dinner, and Supper supplied at the shortest notice.

PESTONJEE BAPOOJEE,
Proprietor.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEER, &c.

McEWAN'S BEER

CAN always be had at the undernoted address; it is of excellent quality, and is highly recommended.

PRICES FOR CASH.
Quarts..... Rs. 4 12 per doz. in Casks of 4 doz.
Pints ,, 3 ,, ,, 7 doz.
Hogsheads.. ,, 60 0 per hhd.

Apply to
WALLACE & Co.,
Sole Agents,
No. 4, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.
or
DHUNJEEBHOY COWASJEE OOMRIGER,
opposite Crawford Market.

FOR SALE, at the Godowns of the Undersigned:—

From Messrs. ESCHENAUER & Co., BORDEAUX.

Claret Chateau Lafite, quarts, per case	,,	36	0
Chateau Lagrange	do.	do.	,,	23	8
St. Estephe	do.	do.	,,	13	0
Sauterne	do.	do.	,,	16	0
Do.	pints	do.	,,	18	0
Cognac Vieux	quarts	do.	,,	28	0

From Messrs. GUIRAUD FILS & Co., MARSEILLES.

Claret Bordeaux, quarts, per case	Rs.	16	0
Cognac Grande Fine Champagne, quarts, per case	Rs.	24	0

From P. BARDINET LIMOGES.

Curacao, Rouge, pints, per case 2 doz.	Rs.	25	8
Do. Blanc do. do. do.	,,	26	0
Cognac Vieux, quarts, do. 1 doz.	,,	19	0

TERMS—CASH.

F. SAUQUET & Co.

Elphinstone Circle.

CUTLER, PALMER AND CO.,

SOLE AGENTS IN BOMBAY FOR
READ BROTHERS,
BOTTLERS OF LONDON.

BASS'S PALE ALE
AND
GUINNESS'S STOUT.

Neither the Brewers nor the Bottlers have spared any trouble or cost to make these renowned Beers the finest in the World.
Both capital and skill are allied to make them standards of excellence.

	NET CASH. Rs. a.	CREDIT. Rs. a.
In casks of 3 doz. qts..... per doz.	6 0	6 4 Duties
In casks of 6 doz. pts..... per doz.	4 4	4 8 included.

"BULL DOG" MARK—CAUTION.

Consumers of "Bull Dog" Ale or Stout should see the it is bottled by Read Brothers, of London, otherwise an entirely different article may be substituted.
ORDERS for this Presidency must be addressed to the undersigned.

CUTLER, PALMER & Co., Sole Agents.

PRICE LIST of WINES, &c., FOR SALE at the Godowns of the undersigned:—

CHAMPAGNE.

	Per Doz. Quarts.	Per 2 Doz. Pints.
Eugene Olicquot's Carte Blanche	Rs. 36 0	Rs. 38 0
Jules Canuset's Champagne, very dry ..	40 0	,,
Heidsick's Dry Monopole ... cost to import	55 0	,, 38 0

STILL HOCKS.

From G. M. PABSTMANN SOHN, MAYENCE.

Laubenheimer	Rs.	Rs. 19	8
Deidesheimer	,,	17	8	,, 20	8
Geisenheimer	,,	18	8	,, 21	8
Liebfraumilch	,,	22	0	,, 25	0
Steinwein	,,	22	0	,,	
Ruedesheimer	,,	26	12	,, 29	12
Marcobrunner	,,	30	8	,, 33	8
Queen Victoria Berg	,,	36	8	,,	

"BRANDY."

Boulestin & Co. Brandy	1 star ..	Rs.	20	0 per doz. qts.
Do.	do. 2 stars ..	,,	24	0 ,,
Do.	do. 3 stars ..	,,	28	8 ,,
Muller Frere's Brandy		,,	19	0 ,,
Boulestin & Co. do.		,,	19	0 ,,
P. Dessandier & Co.	Brandy ..	,,	21	0 ,,
Fromy and Rogers	3 stars Cognac ..	,,	30	0 ,,

CLARETS.

From H. & C. BALARESQUE, BORDEAUX.

Chateau de Frands	Rs.	13	0
Les Canons	,,	17	0
Chateau Lafitte	,,	24	0
Chateau Leoville	,,	20	0

From MONTREUIL FRANK FILS AINE, BORDEAUX.

Chateau Labranche	Rs.	26	0	Rs. 28	0
Chateau Larose	,,	26	0	,, 28	0
Chateau Divau	,,	26	0	,, 28	0
Chateau d'Ulzan	,,	26	0	,,	
Chateau des Tours	,,	26	0	,, 28	0

BEER.

IND (COOPE) & Co.'s PALE	Rs.	5	1 per doz. qts.
Do. do.	,,	3	4 per doz. pts.
Flower and Sons' Pale Al	,,	5	0 per doz. qts.
Do. do.	,,	3	0 per doz. pts.
Swiss Bitter from Alpine Plants	,,	24	0 Rs. 27 0
John Walker and Son's Old Highland Whiskey	,,	24	0 ,,

Outstation Orders should be accompanied by a remittance of reference for payment in Bombay.
Cash payments carry a discount of 5 per cent.

VOLKART BROTHERS,
Rampart Row, Fort.

Bombay, 9th February, 1880.

BOMBAY SAW MILLS COMPANY, Ld.

THE COMPANY supplies all kinds of SAWN SCANTLINGS and CARPENTRY work in TEAK, PINE, and JUNGLE WOODS, and executes orders for Scantlings for BUILDINGS, BRIDGES, RAILWAYS and other WAGONS.
DOORS and WINDOWS of any design made to order, either by hand or machinery.
The sawing being all done by MACHINERY, is accurate to dimensions, and a great saving is thus effected in Carpentry.
The Company has at all times on hand a large stock of first-class TEAK, PINE and JUNGLE WOOD LOGS, SCANTLINGS, and BOARDS, BABOOL WOOD for Carts and well-seasoned BLACKWOOD in log for furniture.
RAILWAY KEYS and BRAKE BLOCKS made to any pattern by machinery
Estimates given for all kinds of wood work. Apply to the Manager at the Works, Tank Bunder, or to

W. M. MACAULAY & Co.,
Secretaries and Treasurers.

Bombay, 6th November 1879.

NOTICE is HEREBY GIVEN that BAI SOONABAI widow of the late JEEVAJEE MANOCKJEE WACHA, of Bombay, Parsee Inhabitant, hath contracted and agreed to sell all that Piece or Parcel of land or ground with messuage, tenement, or Dwelling House and premises standing thereon situate in Bombay without the Fort on the Eastern side of Duncan Road in the sub District of Mandvee. The House is assessed by the Collector of Municipal taxes under No. 182, and the said piece of ground is registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under No. 1744. New survey No. 4766, containing by admeasurement 221 square yards, be the same little more or less, and bounded on the East by a passage for sweepers, on the west by the Duncan Road aforesaid, on the north by the House of Sorabjee Hormusjee, and on the south by the House of Jamnadass Manockchund, and were formerly and are now in the occupation of the tenants of the said Soonabai, widow. All persons having any claim or claims on the aforesaid property by way of Mortgage, inheritance, gift, lease, or otherwise, are hereby required to make the same known in writing to me at my office within the Fort in Meadow Street, within 14 days from the date hereof. In default the purchase will be completed, and he, she, or they will be precluded therefrom. Dated this 20th day of September, 1880.

KHUNDERAO MOROJEE,
Purchaser's Solicitor.

FELT HATS, FELT HATS.

THORPE AND COMPANY

Have received a large supply in all the leading shapes, WARRANTED not to change Colour

GENTS' FELT HATS.

	Rs.	a.
The Eton—Black Round Hard, Low Crown, New Shape	8	8
The Bristol—Black Round Low Crown	8	8
The Gladstone—Black Soft Round Crown	8	8
The Lytton—Black Hard, Round Crown, Wide Brim	8	8
The Windsor—Black Hard, Square Crown, Wide Brim	8	8
The Oxford—Drab Soft, Low Round Crown	8	8
The Devon—Drab Hard, Low Round Crown	8	8
Black Silk Dress Hats, Best Quality	13	8
Best Drab Naples	10	8

TWEED TRAVELLING HATS.

Deer Stalker	4	0
Deer Stalker, with Ear Flaps	4	0
Soft French, Low Round Crown	5	0
Soft Tweed, Medium Crown and Brim	4	8
Real Sealskin Turbans	13	8
Gents' Drab Terai Hats	14	8

LADIES' FELT HATS.

Ladies' Round Crown, Narrow Brim	8	8
Ladies' Drab Beatrice Soft	9	8
Ladies' Pearl Beatrice Soft	9	8
Ladies' Beaver Cleopatra Trimmed, Ostrich Feather	30	0
Ladies' Drab Terai	14	8

THORPE AND COMPANY,

CIVIL, NAVAL AND MILITARY OUTFITTERS,
MEADOW AND HUMMUM STREETS, FORT, BOMBAY.

BOMBAY CASH BAZAAR.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

EXTENSIVE ALTERATIONS will be COMMENCED in the course of a few days, and as soon as completed we shall OPEN our NEW GOODS for the coming season which have been especially selected for us by our representative from the best HOME MARKETS, and will comprise the choicest and latest novelties in all classes of goods, and the prices will be marked in plain figures at such exceptionally low rates so as to ensure a speedy sale, our motto being small profits and quick returns.

N.B.—BUSINESS CARRIED ON AS USUAL DURING ALTERATIONS.

BOMBAY CASH BAZAAR,

(WHOLESALE AND RETAIL)

ESPLANADE CROSS ROAD, CRAWFORD MARKET, BOMBAY.

HAMILTON AND COMPANY,

WATCH AND CLOCK MAKERS,

BY APPOINTMENT

TO H. E. SIR JAMES FERGUSSON, K.C.S.I.,
GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY.

SPECIALITIES IN WATCHES.

LADIES' GOLD WATCHES.

With best horizontal movements, jewelled in many holes, in elegant gold hunting, half hunting, or open crystal cases, plain, tastefully engraved, or beautifully enamelled colours, keyless priced from Rs. 135 to Rs. 400.

Non-keyless priced from Rs. 100 to Rs. 225. Set with gems from Rs. 225 to Rs. 900.

GENTLEMEN'S GOL